Sale, use, and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties in the State of New York is prohibited. PULL HERE TO OPEN

S-METOLACHLOR GROUP 15 HERBICIDE

Medal[®]II EC

HERBICIDE

For weed control in corn; cotton; grasses grown for seed; horseradish; legume vegetables; peanuts; potatoes; pumpkin; rhubarb; safflowers; sorghum (forage, grain and sweet); soybean; sugar beets; sugarcane; sunflowers; and tomatoes

Active Ingredient:	
S-metolachlor*:	82.4%
Other Ingredients:	17.6%

Total: 100.0%

*CAS No. 87392-12-9

Medal II EC is formulated as an Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC) and contains the equivalent of 82.4% or 7.64 lb of active ingredient per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 100-818

EPA Est. 11773-IA-01^{VWC} EPA Est. 100-LA-001^{GBL} (Superscript is first three letters of batch code on container)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

SCP 818B-L1G 0524 4212118

2.5 gallons Net Contents

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	FIRST AID			
lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
lf on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
If swallowed	 Swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
If inhaled	 f inhaled Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 			
Have the produ	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.			
	SYNGENTA HOTLINE NUMBER For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) Call 1-800-888-8372			

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

2.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

2.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

2.2 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

All applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton[™] ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

2.3 User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

2.4 Engineering Controls

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides. When using the closed system, the mixers' and loaders' PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.607(d-f)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

2.5 User Safety Recommendations

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

2.6 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

2.6.1 GROUNDWATER ADVISORY

S-metolachlor is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

2.6.2 SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff or rain water or through ground spray drift. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several weeks or months after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of S-metolachlor from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

2.6.3 NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

2.6.4 REPORTING ECOLOGICAL INCIDENTS

To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-800-888-8372.

2.6.5 MIXING/LOADING/APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Care must be taken when using this product to prevent back-siphoning into wells, spills, or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsates. Check-valves or anti-siphoning devices must be used on all mixing and/or irrigation equipment.

- This product must not be mixed or loaded within 50 ft of perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs.
- This product must not be mixed/loaded or used within 50 ft of all wells, including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes.
- Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers
 within 50 ft of any well are prohibited, unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may
 be positioned on or moved across the pad.
 - o Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater, and rain water that may fall on the pad.
 - o Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained.
 - o The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal.
 - o An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad.
 - o A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad.
- Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times.
 The above-specified minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Medal II EC must be used only in accordance with directions on this label or in separately published EPA accepted supplemental labeling for this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Endangered Species Protection Requirements

It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in an unauthorized "take" (e.g., kill or otherwise harm) of an endangered species and certain threatened species, under the Endangered Species Act section 9. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product. To obtain Bulletins, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/, call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov. You must use the Bulletin valid for the month in which you will apply the product.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

3.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

Medal II EC is a combination of S-metolachlor plus the corn safener benoxacor. Medal II EC is recommended for management of the weed species listed in Section 8.0.

Medal II EC is a selective herbicide that can be applied for control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in corn (all types); cotton; grasses grown for seed; horseradish; legume vegetables; peanuts; potatoes; pumpkin; rhubarb; safflowers; sorghum (forage, grain and sweet); soybean; sugar beets; sugarcane; sunflowers; and tomatoes.

Medal II EC is taken up by the shoots and/or roots of emerging weeds. This uptake results in the inhibition of shoot and root tissue growth soon after weed germination. Because of this, Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control weeds that are present by another means, e.g., mechanical means or by another herbicide.

3.1 Weed Resistance Management

S-METOLACHLOR	GROUP	15	HERBICIDE

S-metolachlor, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 15 herbicide based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 15 herbicides. Such resistant weed plants may not be effectively managed using Group 15 herbicides but may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide alone or in mixtures from a different group and/ or by using cultural or mechanical practices. However, an herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension service, professional consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate actions for treating specific resistant weeds.

3.1.1 PRINCIPLES OF HERBICIDE RESISTANT WEED MANAGEMENT

Scout and know your field

- Know weed species present in the field to be treated through scouting and field history. An understanding of weed biology is useful in designing a resistance management strategy. Ensure the weed management program will control all weeds present.
- Fields should be scouted prior to application to determine species present and growth stage. Always apply this herbicide at the full labeled rate and correct timing for the weeds present in the field.

Utilize non-herbicidal practices to add diversity

• Use diversified management tactics such as cover crops, mechanical weed control, harvest weed seed control, and crop rotation as appropriate.

Use good agronomic practices, start clean and stay clean

- Use good agronomic practices that enhance crop competitiveness.
- Plant into weed-free fields utilizing tillage or an effective burndown herbicide for control of emerged weeds.
- Sanitize farm equipment to avoid spreading seed or vegetative propagules prior to leaving fields.

Difficult to control weeds

- Fields with difficult to control weeds should be planted in rotation with crops that allow the use of herbicides with an alternative mode of action or different management practices.
- Difficult to control weeds may require sequential applications, such as a broad spectrum preemergence herbicide followed by one or more
 postemergence herbicide applications. Utilize herbicides containing different modes of action effective on the target weeds in sequential
 applications.

Do not overuse the technology

• Do not use this or any other herbicide with the same mode of action in a single growing season unless mixed with an herbicide with a different mode of action which provides overlapping spectrum for difficult to control weeds.

Scout and inspect fields following application

- Prevent an influx of weeds into the field by controlling weeds in field borders.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- Suspected- herbicide resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators
 - Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
 - · A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
 - Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.
- Report non-performance of this product to your Syngenta retailer, Syngenta representative, or call 1-866-Syngent(a) (866-796-4368). If resistance is suspected, ensure weed escapes are controlled using an herbicide with an effective mode of action and/or use non-chemical means to prevent further seed production.

Prevent weed escapes before, during, and after harvest

 Do not allow weed escapes to produce seed or vegetative structures such as tubers or stolons which contribute to spread and survival. Consider harvest weed seed management and control weeds postharvest to prevent seed production.

Resistant Weeds

• Contact your local Syngenta representative, retailer, crop advisor, or extension agent to determine if weeds resistant to this mode of action are present in your area. If resistant biotypes have been reported, use the full labeled rate of this product, apply at the labeled timing, and tank-mix with a different mode of action product so there are <u>multiple effective</u> modes of application for each suspected resistant weed.

4.0 APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

4.1 Methods of Application

Applications with Medal II EC alone or in tank mixtures are permitted by ground, by air and via chemigation. Preplant surface, preplant incorporated, preemergence and postemergence or lay-by applications are allowed as specified in **Section 9.0**. For band-application refer to **Section 4.1.1**. Refer to **Section 4.6** for details of application by chemigation.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

4.1.1 BAND APPLICATION

Calculate the amount of herbicide and water volume needed for band treatment by the following formula:

Band width in inches	v	Broadcast rate	_	Amount needed per Acre of Field
Row width in inches	X	Acre	=	Amount needed per Acre of Field

4.2 Application Equipment

- Spray equipment configuration should be arranged to provide accurate and uniform coverage of the target area and minimize potential for spray drift.
- To ensure accuracy, calibrate sprayer before each use.
- For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult spray equipment manufacturers and/or state recommendations.
- · All ground, aerial, and chemigation application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.
- For aerial applications, use low-drift nozzles.
- · For ground applications, use sprayers that provide accurate and uniform application.
- · For preplant incorporated application, use an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation.

4.3 Application Volume and Spray Coverage

- · For ground application, apply alone or in tank mixtures in a minimum of 10 gal/A of spray mixture unless otherwise specified.
- For aerial application, apply alone or in tank mixtures in a minimum total volume of 2 gal/A of spray mixture.

4.4 Mixing Directions

- 1. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Dispose of the cleaning solution in a responsible manner.
- 2. Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation.
- 3. Keep product container tightly closed when not in use.
- 4. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank.
- 5. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area.

4.4.1 MEDAL II EC ALONE

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/2-3/4 full with water or fluid fertilizer.
- 2. Add the proper amount of Medal II EC.
- 3. Add the rest of the water or fluid fertilizer.
- 4. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

4.4.2 TANK-MIX PRECAUTIONS

- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions, limitations, and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. User must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- · For tank mixtures with wettable powder or dry flowable formulations, use screens and strainers no finer than 50-mesh.
- Check compatibility (Section 4.4.3) with other pesticides and/or liquid fertilizers before mixing in spray tank.

NOTE: Nitrogen solutions or complete fluid fertilizers may replace all or part of the water in the spray for applications prior to crop emergence. Because liquid fertilizers vary, even within the same analysis, **always check compatibility with pesticide(s) before use**. Incompatibility of tank mixtures is more common with suspensions of fertilizer and pesticides.

4.4.3 TANK-MIX COMPATIBILITY

- Conduct a jar test using a 1 pt to 1 qt container with lid by adding water or other intended carrier such as a liquid fertilizer to the jar.
- Next, add the appropriate amount of pesticides(s) or tank-mix partner(s) in their relative proportions based on recommended label rates. Add tank-mix components separately in the order described in the tank-mixing section, Section 4.4.4. After each addition, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix.
- After all ingredients have been added, put the lid on the jar, tighten and invert the jar 10 times to mix.
- After mixing, let the mixture stand 15–30 minutes and then examine for signs of incompatibility such as obvious separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, or heavy oily film on the jar.
- If the mixture remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible and can be used.
- If the mixture is incompatible, repeat the test using a compatibility agent at the recommended rate. Or, if applicable, slurry dry formulations in water before adding to the jar. If incompatibility is still observed after following these procedures, do not use the mixture.
- After compatibility testing is complete, dispose of any pesticide wastes in accordance with the storage and disposal section, Section 10.0, of this label.

4.4.4 MEDAL II EC IN TANK MIXTURES

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. Check the tank mix partner label for any specific instructions pertaining to the tank-mix partner.

- 3. Add the tank mix partner and allow it to become dispersed.
- 4. Add Medal II EC.
- 5. Add glyphosate or paraquat product if one is being used.
- 6. Add the remainder of the water and maintain agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform suspension.
- 7. Fluid fertilizers may replace all or part of the water as carrier for applications prior to crop emergence unless otherwise specified.

4.5 Dry Bulk Granular Fertilizers

Many dry bulk granular fertilizers may be impregnated or coated with Medal II EC alone or selected Medal II EC tank mixtures which are registered for preplant incorporated or preplant surface applications which are used to control weeds in crops on the Medal II EC label and are not prohibited from use on dry bulk granular fertilizers.

When applying Medal II EC or Medal II EC mixtures with dry bulk granular fertilizers, follow all directions for use, restrictions, and precautions on the respective product labels, regarding target crops, rates per acre, soil texture, application methods (including timing of application), and rotational crops.

All individual state regulations relating to dry bulk granular fertilizer blending, registration, labeling, and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the herbicide/fertilizer mixture.

4.5.1 PREPARATION OF HERBICIDE/FERTILIZER MIXTURES

- Use any closed drum, belt, ribbon, or other commonly used dry bulk fertilizer blender.
- · Place the nozzles used to spray Medal II EC and Medal II EC mixtures onto the fertilizer in such a way as to provide uniform spray coverage.
- Use care to aim the spray directly onto the fertilizer only and to avoid spraying the walls of the blender.
- If the herbicide/fertilizer mixture is too wet, add a highly absorptive material or similar granular clay or diatomaceous earth materials, to obtain a
 dry, free-flowing mixture.
- Add absorptive materials only after the herbicide has been thoroughly blended into the fertilizer mixture.
- Best application results will be obtained by using a granule of 6/30 particle size or of a size similar to that of the fertilizer material being used.
 Generally, less than 2% by weight of absorptive material will be needed.
- Avoid using more than 5% absorptive material by weight.
- Calculate amounts of Medal II EC by the following formula:
- Calculate amounts of Medal II EC by the following formula:

2000		pt of liquid or flowable product		pt of liquid or flowable product	
lb of fertilizer per Acre		Acre		ton of fertilizer	

4.5.2 PNEUMATIC (COMPRESSED AIR) APPLICATION

- High humidity, high urea concentrations, low fertilizer use rates, and dusty fertilizer may cause fertilizer mixture to build up or plug the distributor head, air tubes, or nozzle deflector plates.
- To minimize buildup, premix Medal II EC with Exxon Aromatic 200 at a rate of 1.0-4.0 pt/gal of Medal II EC.
- Aromatic 200 is a noncombustible/nonflammable petroleum product.
- Aromatic 200 may be used in either a fertilizer blender or through direct injection systems.
- Avoid drying agents when using Aromatic 200.

4.5.3 PRECAUTIONS

- Use mixtures of Medal II EC and Aromatic 200 on dry fertilizer only. Poor results or crop injury may result if these mixtures are used in water or liquid fertilizer solutions for spraying applications.
 - o When impregnating Medal II EC in a blender before application, a drier mixture can be attained by substituting a drying agent for Aromatic 200. o Agsorb® FG or drying agents of 6/30 particle size will provide best results.
- When possible, avoid drying agents when using on-board impregnation equipment.

• TO AVOID POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION:

- o Do not impregnate Medal II EC or Medal II EC mixtures on ammonium nitrate, potassium nitrate, or sodium nitrate, either alone or in blends with other fertilizers.
- o Do not use Medal II EC or Medal II EC mixtures on straight limestone, since absorption will not be achieved. Fertilizer blends containing limestone can be impregnated.

4.5.4 APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

- Apply 200-700 lb of the herbicide/fertilizer mixture per acre.
- For best results, apply the mixture uniformly to the soil with properly calibrated equipment immediately after blending.
- Uniform application of the herbicide/fertilizer mixture is essential to prevent possible crop injury.
- Non-uniform application may also result in unsatisfactory weed control. In areas where conventional tillage is practiced, a shallow incorporation
 of the mixture into the soil may improve weed control.
- On fine- or medium textured soils in areas where soil incorporation is not planned, i.e., reduced tillage situations or in some conventional till situations, make applications approximately 30 days before planting to allow moisture to move the herbicide/fertilizer mixture into the soil.
- On coarse textured soils, make applications approximately 14 days prior to planting.
- Precaution: To avoid crop injury, do not use the herbicide/fertilizer mixture on crops where bedding occurs.

4.6 Application through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

4.6.1 CHEMIGATION RESTRICTIONS

- ONLY APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH CENTER-PIVOT IRRIGATION SYSTEMS.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments when needed.

4.6.2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR CHEMIGATION

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump or piston pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

4.6.3 SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), back-flow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

4.6.4 APPLICATION DIRECTIONS FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

- 1. Prepare a mixture with a minimum of 1 part water to 1 part herbicide(s) and inject this mixture into the center pivot system. Injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture per hour will usually provide more accurate calibration of equipment.
- 2. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the herbicide in suspension.
- 3. Meter into irrigation water during entire period of water application.
- 4. Apply in 1/2-1 inch of water. Use the lower water volume (1/2 inch) on *coarser soils* and the higher volume (1 inch) on *fine textured soils*. More than 1 inch of water at application may reduce weed control by moving the herbicide below the effective zone in the soil.

4.6.5 CENTER PIVOT IRRIGATION APPLICATION

- Medal II EC alone or in tank mixture with other herbicides on this label, which are registered for center pivot application, may be applied in irrigation water preemergence (after planting, but before weeds or crop emerge) at rates listed on this label.
- Medal II EC also may be applied postemergence to the crop and preemergence to weeds in crops where postemergence applications are allowed on this label.
- Follow all restrictions (height, timing, rate, etc.) to avoid illegal residues.
- Apply this product only through a center pivot irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable weed control may result. Where sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, crop injury may result.

4.7 Sprayer Cleanout

Thoroughly clean sprayer or other application device before using. Dispose of cleaning solution in a responsible manner. Do not use a sprayer or applicator contaminated with any other materials, or crop damage or clogging of the application device may result.

5.0 REPLANT AND ROTATIONAL CROPS

5.1 Replant and Rotational Crops

- If a crop treated with Medal II EC is lost, any crop on this label, or on a supplemental Medal II EC label, may be replanted or rotated at any interval provided that the rate of Medal II EC applied to the previous crop was not greater than the labeled rate for the crop to be replanted.
- Medal II EC may be applied again following crop replanting provided the total annual maximum rate for that crop is not exceeded.

The crops listed in the table below and in Section 5.2 may be planted at the specified interval following application of Medal II EC Herbicide.

Сгор	Plant-Back Interval	
Alfalfa	4 months	
Barley Oats Rye Wheat	4 1/2 months	
Clover (seeded)	9 months	
Buckwheat Rice Tobacco	Next spring following treatment	
All other crops not listed above or in Section 5.2. 12 months		
 Precaution: Refer to Section 5.3 for rotational crop instructions when wat 	ter or irrigation is limited.	
ROTATIONAL	CROPS USE RESTRICTION	
1. DO NOT rotate to alfalfa or clover for 12 months if m applied in the previous crop.	nore than 1.9 lb active ingredient per acre (2.0 pt of Medal II EC) was	

5.2 Additional Rotational Crop Options

This is a listing of rotational crop options that are made possible through S-metolachlor tolerances which were established by the EPA as crop groupings.

For the crop groups and crop subgroups below, not all crops within each group are specifically listed. Where a crop group or crop subgroup is listed, the plant-back interval applies to all the respective crops in that specific EPA crop group or EPA crop subgroup.

Crop Group or Crop Subgroup		Maximum Rate Previously Applied to the Field (pt/A)	Plant-Back Interval
Cilantro Spinach		1.0	60 days
Subgroup 1B: Vegetable root (exce	pt sugar beet, except carrot)		
Beet, garden Burdock, edible Celeriac Chervil, turnip-rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parsley, turnip-rooted	Parsnip Radish Radish, oriental Rutabaga Salsify Salsify, black Salsify, Spanish Skirret	1.33	60 days
Subgroup 3-07B: Onion, green	Turnip	-	
Chive Chive, Chinese Leek, lady's Leek Leek, wild Subgroup 4-16B : Brassica, leafy g Bok choy Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli, Cavolo Cabbage, Chinese (napa) Collards	Onion, Beltsville bunching Onion, fresh Onion, green Onion, Welsh Shallot reens Kale Greens, mustard Greens, turnip		
Crop Group 9: Vegetable, cucurbit			
Cantaloupe Citron Melon Cucumber Gourd Muskmelon Pumpkin	Squash, Summer Squash, Winter Watermelon		
Carrot Leaf Lettuce Sesame	Strawberry Swiss Chard	1.33	60 days

Crop Group o	or Crop Subgroup	Maximum Rate Previously Applied to the Field (pt/A)	Plant-Back Interval
Group 8-10: Vegetable fruiting (exc	cept tabasco pepper)		
Eggplant Groundcherry (Physalis spp.) Okra Pepino Pepper, bell	Pepper, chili Pepper, cooking Pepper, pimento Pepper, sweet Tomatillo Tomato	1.67	60 days
Subgroup 1C: Tuberous and Corm	Vegetables		
Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke, Chinese Artichoke, Jerusalem Canna, edible Cassava, bitter Cassava, sweet Chayote (root) Chufa	Dasheen (taro) Ginger Leren Potato Potato, sweet Tanier Turmeric Yam bean Yam, true		
Subgroup 3-07A: Onion, bulb			
Garlic, bulb Garlic, great headed	Onion, dry bulb Shallot		
Subgroup 22A: Stalk and stem veg	etable (except Kohlrabi)	2.0	60 days
Agave Asparagus Celtuce	Fennel, Florence Fern, edible Kale, sea		
Subgroup 22B: Leaf petiole vegeta	ble		
Cardoon Celery, Chinese	Celery Rhubarb		
Subgroup 5-16: Vegetable, Brassic	a, head and stem		
Broccoli Brussel sprouts Cabbage	Cabbage, Chinese Cauliflower		
Kohlrabi Lettuce, head			
Precaution: Befer to Section 5.3 for rotation	nal crop instructions when water or	irrigation is limited	
		L CROP USE RESTRICTIONS	
	ation of an S-metolachlor containing	product to these rotational crops within 60 c an the rate listed in the table, these crops ca	

5.3 Limited Water or Irrigation Conditions

When planting rotational crops, special attention must be given to the amount of rainfall and type of irrigation used. Rotational crops listed on this label are safe for planting after a Medal II EC application provided the rotational interval is followed and the preceding crop received natural rainfall or overhead irrigation.

When non-overhead watering methods (e.g. drip tape, furrow irrigation, etc.) are used, the areas of the field not receiving water (e.g. furrows when drip irrigated or bed tops when furrow irrigated) will have a higher Medal II EC residue remaining in the soil resulting in a significant increase in the rotational crop injury risk.

To reduce the risk of rotational crop injury, thoroughly incorporate the Medal II EC treated field to a depth of 3-4 inches before planting the rotational crop. For more thorough incorporation, till the soil in 2 different directions (cross-till). Even with thorough tillage, injury to rotational crops is still possible following non-overhead watering methods or limited moisture conditions.

6.0 COVER CROPS

A cover crop can be an important tool for the overall farm cropping system. Cover crops are planted for conservation purposes, soil erosion control, soil health improvement, water quality improvement, and weed management. A cover crop can be a single crop or a combination of crops, including grasses and/or broadleaf crops.

After harvest of a Medal II EC treated crop, planting of a cover crop is allowed provided the cover crop is not grazed or fed to livestock nor harvested for food. Terminate the cover crop through natural causes such as frost or intentional termination by herbicide application, crimping, rolling, tillage, or cutting.

All possible cover crops or cover crop combinations have not been tested for tolerance to this product. Before planting the cover crop, determine the level of tolerance for the intended cover crops by conducting a field bioassay. Refer to **Section 6.1** for instructions on how to conduct a field bioassay.

6.1 Field Bioassay for Cover Crops

A field bioassay is a method of determining if herbicide residues are present in the soil at concentrations high enough to adversely affect crop growth.

Conduct the field bioassay by planting several strips of the desired cover crop across the field which has been previously treated with Medal II EC. Plant the cover crop strips perpendicular to the direction of the product application. The strips should be located so that all the different field conditions are encountered, including differences in field terrain, soil texture, organic matter, pH, and drainage.

If the cover crop does not show adverse effects such as crop injury and/or stand reduction, the field can be planted to this cover crop. If injury and/or stand reduction are visible, wait two to four weeks for further herbicide degradation to occur and repeat the bioassay. Alternatively, select a different cover crop and repeat the bioassay. Only plant cover crops that show acceptable tolerance in the field bioassay.

7.0 RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

7.1 Use Restrictions

- DO NOT sell, use, or distribute this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties in the State of New York.
- **DO NOT** use in nurseries, turf, or landscape plantings.
- DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system except center pivot systems.

7.2 Use Precautions

- · Avoid application under conditions which favor runoff or wind erosion of soil containing this product to non-target areas.
- To prevent off-site movement due to runoff or wind erosion:
 - o Avoid treating powdery dry or light sand soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions, settle the soil surface first by rainfall or irrigation.
 - o Avoid application to impervious substrates, such as paved or highly compacted surfaces.
 - o Avoid use of tailwater from the first flood or furrow irrigation of treated fields to treat non-target crops, unless at least 1/2 inch of rainfall has occurred between application and the first irrigation.
- Use of a sprayer or applicator contaminated with any other materials, may result in crop damage or clogging of the application device.
- Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may result.
- To avoid spray drift, avoid making applications under windy conditions.
- Injury may occur following the use of Medal II EC under abnormally high soil moisture conditions during early development of the crop.
- Dry weather following application of Medal II EC may reduce weed control. Cultivate if weeds develop.
- To avoid crop injury, avoid the use of a herbicide/fertilizer mixture on crops where bedding occurs.
- · Avoid application to humans or animals. Flagmen and loaders must avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin.

7.3 Mandatory Spray Drift Management

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to select the nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S641).
- If the wind speed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the wind speed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to select the nozzles and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Boomless Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to select the nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572) for all applications.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

7.4 SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRON-MENTAL CONDITIONS.

7.4.1 IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

- An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets.
- Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control.
- While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

7.4.2 CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE - GROUND BOOM

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

7.4.3 CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE - AIRCRAFT

 Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

7.4.4 RELEASE HEIGHT - AIRCRAFT

• Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

7.4.5 BOOM HEIGHT - GROUND BOOM

• For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

7.4.6 BOOMLESS GROUND APPLICATIONS

• Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

7.4.7 SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with
the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

7.4.8 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

· When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation.

7.4.9 TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

- Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion.
- Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind.
- They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning.
- The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator.
- Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.
- Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

7.4.10 WIND

- Drift potential generally increases with wind speed.
- AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.
- Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

7.4.11 WINDBLOWN SOIL PARTICLES

- Medal II EC has the potential to move off-site due to wind erosion.
- · Soils that are subject to wind erosion usually have a high silt and/or fine to very fine sand fractions and low organic matter content.
- Other factors which can affect the movement of windblown soil include the intensity and direction of prevailing winds, vegetative cover, site slope, rainfall, and drainage patterns.
- Avoid applying Medal II EC if prevailing local conditions may be expected to result in off-site movement.

7.4.12 SENSITIVE AREAS

- This pesticide may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, non-target plants) is minimal (i.e., when the wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).
- To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply Medal II EC by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft from sensitive plants.

8.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED OR PARTIALLY CONTROLLED BY MEDAL II EC APPLIED PRIOR TO WEED EMERGENCE

PARTIAL WEED CONTROL

Where reference is made to weeds partially controlled, partial control can either mean erratic control from good to poor, or consistent control at a level below that generally considered acceptable for commercial weed control. Control of these weeds can be erratic, due partially to variable weather conditions.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Weed Type	Control (C) or Partial Control (PC)
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	Grass	С
Crabgrass, large	Digitaria ischaemum	Grass	С
Crabgrass, smooth	Digitaria sanguinalis	Grass	С
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	Grass	С
Cupgrass, Prairie	Eriochloa contracta	Grass	С
Cupgrass, Southwestern	Eriochloa acuminata	Grass	С
Cupgrass, woolly	Eriochloa villosa	Grass	PC
Foxtail, bristly	Setaria verticillata	Grass	С
Foxtail, giant	Setaria faberi	Grass	С
Foxtail, green	Setaria viridis	Grass	С

Common Name	Scientific Name	Weed Type	Control (C) or Partial Control (PC)
Foxtail, millet	Setaria italica	Grass	С
Foxtail, yellow	Setaria pumila	Grass	С
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	Grass	С
Johnsongrass (seedling)	Sorghum halepense	Grass	PC
Millet, wild-proso	Panicum miliaceum	Grass	PC
Panicum, fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	Grass	С
Panicum, Texas	Panicum texanum	Grass	PC
Rice, red	Oryza sativa	Grass	С
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum	Grass	С
Sandbur, field	Cenchrus spinifex	Grass	PC
Sandbur, Southern	Cenchrus echinatus	Grass	PC
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	Grass	PC
Signalgrass, broadleaf	Urochloa platyphylla	Grass	С
Sorghum (volunteer)	Sorghum bicolor	Grass	PC
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	Grass	С
Amaranth, Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri	Broadleaf	C
Amaranth. Powell	Amaranthus powellii	Broadleaf	C C
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum	Broadleaf	PC
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	Broadleaf	C
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata	Broadleaf	PC
Galinsoga, hairy	Galinsoga quadriradiata	Broadleaf	С
Galinsoga, smallflower	Galinsoga parviflora	Broadleaf	С
Nightshade, Eastern black	Solanum ptychanthum	Broadleaf	С
Nightshade, hairy	Solanum physalifolium	Broadleaf	PC
Pigweed, prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides	Broadleaf	С
Pigweed, redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	Broadleaf	С
Pigweed, smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	Broadleaf	С
Pigweed, tumble	Amaranthus albus	Broadleaf	С
Purslane, common	Portulaca oleracea	Broadleaf	PC
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra	Broadleaf	С
Spiderwort, tropical	Commelina benghalensis	Broadleaf	С
Waterhemp	Amaranthus tuberculatus	Broadleaf	С
Nutsedge, yellow	Cyperus esculentus	Sedge	С
racougo, yonow	Cyperus esculentus	ocugo	0

Procedures that might improve control of weeds listed above:

• Thoroughly till soil to destroy germinating and emerged weeds prior to preemergence or preplant applications.

If Medal II EC is to be used preemergence, apply at planting or immediately after planting.
If available, sprinkler irrigate within 2 days after application. Apply 1/2-1 inch of water. Use lower water volume (1/2 inch) on coarse textured ٠ soils and higher volume (1 inch) on fine textured soils.
If irrigation is not possible and rain does not occur within 2 days after planting and application, weed control may be decreased. Under these

conditions, make a uniform, shallow cultivation as soon as weeds emerge or apply an appropriately labeled herbicide to control emerged weeds.

9.0 CROP USE DIRECTIONS

SOIL TEXTURES

Where rates are based on coarse, medium, or fine textured soils, it is understood that soil textural classes are generally categorized as follows:

Coarse	Medium	Fine
Sand	Sandy Clay	Clay
Loamy Sand	Sandy Clay Loam	Clay Loam
Sandy Loam	Loam	Silty Clay
	Silt Loam	Silty Clay Loam
	Silt	

9.1 Corn

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9.1.1 FALL, PREPLANT SURFACE, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, OR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Crops (including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrid of these)				
Field Corn	Popcorn Seed C	orn Sweet Corn		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions		
Fall Application for Spring Weed Control	For minimum-till or no-tillage systems on soils with $\ge 2.5\%$	Apply after harvest when the sustained soil temperature at a 4-inch depth is less than 55° F and falling.		
For use in the following	organic matter, apply rate based on soil texture:	Apply to ground that will be planted to corn the following spring.		
states: lowa		Apply after September 30 in ND, SD, MN, WI, and north of Route 30 in IA.		
Illinois	Medium Soils: Apply 1.67-2.0 pt/A	Apply after October 15 North of Route 91 in NE and south of Route 30 in IA.		
Minnesota Nebraska		Apply after October 31 North of Route 136 in IL.		
North Dakota South Dakota	Fine Soils: Apply 2.0 pt/A	When a fall and/or a spring tillage follows application, do not exceed an incorporation depth of 2-3 inches.		
Wisconsin		Minimize furrow and ridge formation in the tillage operations.		
Fall Application for Residual Control of Glyphosate Resistant Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	1.33 - 1.67 pt/A Use the lower rate for <i>coarse</i>	Apply from September 1 – December 1 after harvest of the previous crop and prior to Italian ryegrass emergence.		
	<i>textured soils</i> and the higher rate for <i>fine textured soils</i> .	If tillage follows application, do not incorporate to a depth greater than 2-3 inches.		
mannolony		If glyphosate resistant Italian ryegrass is emerged at the time of application, a paraquat brand herbicide can be tank-mixed with Medal II EC to control emerged ryegrass.		
		Other registered herbicides may be tank mixed with Medal II EC for control or improved control of other weeds present at the time of application.		
Fall Application for	1.33 pt/A	Apply in the fall after the harvest of the previous crop but before freeze-up.		
Residual Control or Suppression of Yellow		Application can be surface-applied or incorporated.		
Nutsedge (<i>Cyperus</i> esculentus) the Following Spring in ID, OR, and WA		If tillage follows application, do not incorporate to a depth greater than 2-3 inches.		

Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Early Preplant Surface	1.33 pt/A on coarse soils	Apply up to 14 days prior to planting on coarse soils.
Application	1.67 pt/A on medium soils	Apply up to 30 days before planting, on medium- and fine textured soils
	2.0 pt/A on fine soils	
	For extended residual or control of heavy weed infestations up to 2.6 pt/A is allowed.	
Preplant Incorporated	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Apply within 14 days of planting.
		Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil.
	Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM	Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
	1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	If crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation, unless specified otherwise.
	Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	For California Only: Broadcast Medal II EC alone or with tank mix
1.33-1.67 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM For extended residual or control of	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM For extended residual or control of	partners to the soil and thoroughly incorporate with a disk or similar implement set to till 4-6 inches deep. For more thorough incorporation, till the soil in 2 different directions (cross-till). Corn may be planted on flat surface or on beds. Use caution when forming the beds to ensure that only soil from the treated zone is used (i.e., do not bring
	heavy weed infestations, up to 2.6 pt/A is allowed.	untreated soil to soil surface). If application is made to preformed beds, incorporate with a tillage implement set to till 2-4 inches deep. Use care during tilling to keep the treated, tilled soil on the beds.
Preemergence	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Apply after planting but before crop emerges. For California Only: Apply after planting. Water with sprinkler or flood irrigation within 7-10 days.
	Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	
	Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	
	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	
	For extended residual or control of heavy weed infestations, up to 2.6 pt/A is allowed.	
Postemergence or	1.0 - 2.0 pt/A	Apply after corn emergence up until corn reaches 40 inches in height.
Lay-By		Apply to extend the duration of weed control in corn following any preplant surface-applied, preplant incorporated, or preemergence herbicide application, including Medal II EC.
		For best results, make applications prior to weed emergence and directed toward the base of corn plants in excess of 5 inches tall.

continued ...

9.1.1 FALL, PREPLANT SURFACE, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE OR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS (continued)

Tank Mix or Sequential Application Options:

• Refer to Section 9.1.2 for tank-mix options.

Resistance Management:

• Refer to Section 3.1.

Precautions:

- For preplant surface application, to the extent possible, avoid moving treated soil out of the row or moving untreated soil to the surface during planting or weed control will be diminished.
- · Use on peat or muck soils will result in reduced weed control.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- 1) Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.
- 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: 2.6 pt/A (2.48 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
- a. DO NOT apply more than 2.6 pt/A in a single preemergence application (2.48 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor).
- b. DO NOT apply more than 2.0 pt/A in a single postemergence application (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor).
- 3) Minimum Application Interval: Not Applicable
- 4) Maximum Annual Rate: 3.9 pt/A/year (3.71 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 - a. **DO NOT** exceed 3.71 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products.
- 5) The combined total amount of Medal II EC from all applications in the fall plus spring must not exceed the maximum allowed annual rate.
- 6) **DO NOT** make more than 1 fall application per crop.
- 7) **DO NOT** apply to frozen ground.
- 8) **DO NOT** graze or feed forage for 30 days following application.
- 9) Preharvest Interval (PHI):
- a. Sweet corn ears: 30 days

9.1.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR CORN

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Burndown	2,4-D	Apply before, during or after planting, but before corn emerges.
Weed Control	AAtrex [®] brands Banvel [®] Gramoxone [®] brands Solo glyphosate brands	Apply the solo glyphosate brands in water or fluid fertilizer with ground equipment.
		Gramoxone brands will not control weeds taller than 6 inches.
	Princep [®] brands	Apply AAtrex tank mixture before weeds exceed 3 inches in height.
		Add non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 1.0-2.0 qt/100 gal of diluted spray, or another appropriate surfactant at its labeled rate, or add crop oil concentrate plus 28% liquid nitrogen (or equivalent).
Preplant Surface Preplant Incorporated	AAtrex brands Balance [®] Flexx	These tank mixes may be used to broaden the weed control spectrum in corn beyond that of Medal II EC alone.
Preemergence	Princep brands	Use the Balance Flexx mixture on field corn only.
Postemergence	AAtrex brands	Apply before grass and broadleaf weeds pass the 2-leaf state and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height. Application to weeds larger than the 2-leaf stage will generally result in unsatisfactory control.
		Occasionally, some corn leaf burn may result, but this will likely not affect later growth or yield.
		Do not apply the postemergence tank mixes in fluid fertilizer, or severe crop injury may occur.

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Postemergence Application to Glufosinate	Liberty®	This tank mix provides postemergence control of a broad spectrum of grass and broadleaf weeds on the Liberty label and residual control of weeds on the Medal II EC label.
Resistant Corn		Refer to the solo Medal II EC label and the Liberty label for rates recommended for weed populations and soil texture.
		Apply only to corn that is resistant to glufosinate.
Postemergence Application to	Solo glyphosate brands	These tank mixes provide postemergence control of weeds on the glyphosate brand label and residual control of weeds on the Medal II EC label.
Glyphosate Resistant Corn		Application may be made from corn emergence until 30 inches tall or the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), whichever comes first.
		Refer to the solo Medal II EC label and the glyphosate brands label for rates recommended for weed populations and soil texture.
		Apply only to corn that is resistant to glyphosate.
See Appendix 12.1 for the EPA Registration Number and Active Ingredient(s) in each listed brand.		

Precautions:

• Medal II EC in any tank mixture for corn may be applied in water or fluid fertilizer before corn emerges. After corn emergence, use only water as a carrier when Medal II EC is applied.

• Do not apply combinations containing paraquat brands in suspension-type liquid fertilizers, because the activity of paraquat will be reduced.

TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS

1) All application rates, precautions, and use restrictions cited in Section 9.1.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank-mixes with Medal II EC.

2) It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

3) IMPORTANT: FOR TANK MIXTURES WITH AATREX (OR OTHER BRANDS OF ATRAZINE)

a. If applying Medal II EC in tank mixture with AAtrex, all the restrictions and rate limitations on the AAtrex label must be followed.

b. Certain states may have established rate limitations for atrazine within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide

control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations.

c. **DO NOT** exceed a total of 2.5 lb ai/A/year of atrazine-containing products.

9.2 Cotton

9.2.1 FALL, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, OR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Crops (including cultivars, v	arieties, and/or hybrids of these)	
Cotton		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Fall Application for Residual Control of	1.33 - 1.67 pt/A Use the lower rate for <i>coarse</i> <i>textured soils</i> and the higher rate for <i>fine textured soils</i> .	Apply from September 1 – December 1 after harvest of the previous crop and prior to Italian ryegrass emergence.
Glyphosate Resistant Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)		If tillage follows application, do not incorporate to a depth greater than 2-3 inches.
<i>'</i> ,		If glyphosate resistant Italian ryegrass is emerged at the time of application, a paraquat brand herbicide can be tank-mixed with Medal II EC to control emerged ryegrass.
Preplant Incorporated (NM, OK, and TX Only)	Use the following rates for the specific soil type: Sandy Loam Soils:	Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top inch of soil. Use a rolling cultivator or similar implement to uniformly incorporate not more than 1 inch deep.
	1.0 pt/A Medium Soils:	Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
	1.0-1.33 pt/A	Where furrow irrigation is used, wet the top of the bed for best results.
	Fine Soils: 1.33 pt/A	If the crop is to be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation.
		Plant cotton below the zone of incorporation; i.e., at least 1 inch on <i>fine soils</i> and 1.5 inches on <i>coarse</i> and <i>medium soils</i> .
		If incorporated prior to planting, use a planter that will result in a minimum of soil disturbance.
Preemergence	Use the following rates for the	Apply at planting or after planting, but before crop emerges.
(AR, KS, LA, MS, TN, and Bootheel of MO Only)	specific soil type in AR, KS, LA, MS, TN, and Bootheel of MO only:	If the crop is to be planted on beds, apply after bed formation.
	Sandy Loam Soils: 0.5 - 1.0 pt/A	
	Medium Soils: 0.66 -1.33 pt/A	
	Fine Soils: 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A	
Preemergence	Use the following rates for the	Apply at planting or after planting, but before crop emerges.
(NM, OK, and TX Only)	specific soil type in NM, OK and TX only:	If the crop is to be planted on beds, apply after bed formation.
	Sandy Loam Soils: 1.0 pt/A	
	Medium Soils: 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A	
	Fine Soils: 1.33 pt/A	

Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Postemergence	Use the postemergence rates	Apply broadcast over-the-top or directed to the soil surface.
	below based upon the following geographical areas:	In sprinkler-irrigated areas, sprinkler irrigate after application with
	VA, NC, SC, GA, FL, and AL: Apply at 1.0 – 1.33 pt/A TN, AR, KS, MS, MO, and LA: Apply at 0.5 – 1.33 pt/A	1/2 - 1 inch of water (1/2 inch on <i>coarse textured soils</i> to 1 inch on <i>fine textured soils</i>) to incorporate Medal II EC.
		In furrow-irrigated areas, apply Medal II EC, incorporate with a
		rolling cultivator or similar implement that provides uniform shallow incorporation (2 inches or less), and then irrigate.
	TX, OK, NM, AZ, CA, and Clay Soils in AR: Apply at 1.0 – 1.33 pt/A	In non-irrigated areas, if at least ¹ /2 inch of rainfall does not occur within 10 days after application, cultivate with a rolling cultivator or similar implement that provides uniform shallow incorporation of Medal II EC.
For Weed Control:	, list of used on other list on a sticlly south	re U.e.d
	list of weeds controlled or partially controlled	olieu.
 Tank Mix Options: Refer to Section 9.2.2 fet 	or tank-mix options.	
Resistance Management:		
• Refer to Section 3.1.		
 To avoid concentration i making band application bottom of the furrow. Applying over-the-top in may result in crop injury In furrow-planted cottor cultivation to level soil s 	in the seed furrow, do not make broadca ns to cotton planted in furrows deeper th n fluid fertilizer or any other adjuvant, sur n, to avoid concentration in the furrow an urface.	aximum rate for the soil texture, whether applied alone or in combinations. ast applications to cotton planted in furrows more than 2 inches deep. When an 2 inches, ensure that band width does not exceed the width of the factant, oil, or other pesticide not listed in the cotton section of this label id potential injury, do not apply postemergence until after first "knifing" or eeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means
		RESTRICTIONS
 Maximum Single App Minimum Application Maximum Annual Rat a. DO NOT exceed 2 	r additional product use restrictions. lication Rate: 1.67 pt/A (1.59 lb ai/A of S Interval: Not Applicable e: 2.6 pt/A/year (2.48 lb ai/A of S-metola 2.48 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-contai d or loamy sand soils, or in areas where v ka silt loam.	S-metolachlor) ichlor) ning products (2.48 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor).
 9) The combined total am 10) Preharvest Interval (P 	nount of Medal II EC from all applications HI):	in the fall plus spring must not exceed the maximum allowed annual rate.
a. 80 days after directed-postemergence application		

b. 100 days after postemergence over-the-top application

9.2.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR COTTON

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Burndown	Cotoran [®] 4L Gramoxone brands	Use in applications where cotton is planted directly into a cover crop, stale seedbed, or previous crop residues.
	Solo glyphosate brands	Apply before, during or after planting, but before the cotton emerges. Apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water or fluid fertilizer per acre with ground equipment.
Preplant Incorporated	Caparol [®] 4L	Apply as a mixture in water or liquid fertilizer.
Preemergence		For preplant incorporated applications, plant cotton below the zone of incorporation. If incorporated before planting, use a planter that will result in a minimum of soil disturbance.
Preemergence	Cotoran 4L	Apply to the soil surface at planting or after planting, but before weeds or crop emerge.
Postemergence Directed	Caparol 4L	Tank mix in water only for postemergence-directed application in AR, AZ, CA, LA, MS, NM, OK, TN, TX, and MO.
		Apply the tank mix in a minimum of 15 gallons of spray volume per acre. Only use water as a carrier for postemergence applications.
Postemergence	Cotoran 4L	Do not use fluid fertilizer as a carrier for postemergence applications.
Directed Semi Directed Over-the-Top Spray		Tank mix may be applied postemergence to cotton but preemergence to weeds or postemergence to both cotton and weeds for control of weeds on the Cotoran 4L label.
Postemergence Application to Glyphosate Resistant Cotton	Solo glyphosate brands	Apply as a tank mixture in water for control of emerged weeds on the glyphosate labels and for residual preemergence control of weeds listed on the Medal II EC label.
		Adding additional spray adjuvants, surfactants, fertilizer additives, or other pesticides to a tank mixture of Medal II EC + Solo glyphosate brands applied postemergence can result in unacceptable crop injury.
		Apply only to cotton that is resistant to glyphosate.
Postemergence Application to Glufosinate Resistant Cotton	Liberty	Apply as a tank mixture in water for control of emerged weeds on the Liberty label and for residual preemergence control of weeds listed on the Medal II EC label.
		Apply only to cotton that is resistant to glufosinate.
See Appendix 12.1 for the EPA	Registration Number and Active Inc	gredient(s) in each listed brand.
Tank Mix Instructions		

Tank Mix Instructions:

• Refer to Section 4.4 for tank-mix instructions.

Precautions:

• To avoid concentration in the seed furrow, do not make broadcast applications of Medal II EC + Caparol 4L or Medal II EC + Cotoran DF to cotton planted in furrows more than 2 inches deep. When making band applications to cotton planted in furrows deeper than 2 inches, ensure that the band width does not exceed the width of the bottom of the furrow.

Do not apply Medal II EC + Caparol 4L postemergence over-the-top of cotton, or injury may occur.
For tank mixtures of Medal II EC or Medal II EC + Cotoran, if heavy rain occurs soon after application, crop injury may result, especially in poorly drained areas where water stands for several days, or where the seeding slit has not been properly closed.

• Do not apply combinations containing Gramoxone brands in suspension-type liquid fertilizers, as the activity of paraquat will be reduced.

TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS

 All use restrictions cited in Section 9.2.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank-mixes with Medal II EC.
 It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

9.3 Grasses Grown for Seed

Crops (including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Bentgrass Fine fescue		Perennial ryegrass Tall fescue		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions		
Established Grasses Grown for Seed Crops in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington	Use the following rates for the specific grass type: Fine fescue and perennial ryegrass: Apply 1.0 pt/A Bentgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, orchardgrass, and tall fescue: Apply 1.0 – 1.33 pt/A	Apply just before, during, or immediately following the first fall rains or just before or during a late summer or early fall irrigation, but before target grasses emerge. Evenly spread, remove, or burn the postharvest residue (straw) before applying Medal II EC. In addition to controlling the weeds listed in Section 8.0 , Medal II EC will provide preemergence control/suppression of volunteer seedlings of Bentgrass, fine fescue spp., Kentucky bluegrass, orchardgrass, perennial ryegrass, and tall fescue. Medal II EC will also suppress or control annual bluegrass, California brome, doughstalk bluegrass, downy brome, Italian ryegrass, and rattail fescue. Apply by ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre at the recommended rate.		
 For Weed Control: Refer to Section 8.0 for list of weeds controlled or partially controlled. Resistance Management: Refer to Section 3.1. Precautions: Avoid application after the 15th of November or poor control may result. Tank mixtures with other pesticides, or the addition of an adjuvant, can increase the risk of crop injury. Application to perennial ryegrass and fine fescue stands under stress may cause crop injury. If weed escapes occur following a Medal II EC application, an application of a postemergence herbicide may be necessary to control escapes. Control may be decreased if excessive straw from the previous harvest is present at application and/or insufficient rainfall/irrigation occurs. Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means. 				
	USE RESTRICTIONS			
USE RESTRICTIONS 1) Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions. 2) The grass grown for seed crop must have at least one seed harvest or been established at least one year prior to application. 3) Maximum Single Application Rate: 1.33 pt/A (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) 4) Minimum Application Interval: Not Applicable 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 1.33 pt/A/year (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) a. DO NOT exceed 1.27 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products. 6) DO NOT apply Medal II EC more than once per crop year. 7) DO NOT graze forage regrowth for 60 days following application west of the Cascades. 8) DO NOT graze forage regrowth for 150 days following application in areas east of the Cascades. 9) Preharvest Interval (PHI): a. Hay: harvest anytime between seed harvest and the next application of S-metolachlor.				

9.4 Horseradish

Horseradish			
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions	
Preemergence	1.0 – 1.33 pt/A	Apply a single broadcast application of Medal II EC to the soil surface	
	Use lower rates on soils relatively coarse textured and higher rates on fine textured soils.	after planting but before the crop emerges.	
For Weed Control:Refer to Section 8.0 for	list of weeds controlled or partially control	led.	
Resistance Management:			
	rol amargad waads. Control amargad waa	de with an appropriate registered folier berbicide or by mechanical mean	
Precaution:		ds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical mean	

9.5.1 FALL, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, POSTEMERGENCE, AND/OR CHEMIGATION (CENTER PIVOT ONLY) APPLICATIONS

Edible Podded (only):	Edible Podded, Succulent	Edible Podded, Succulent	Succulent Shelled or Dried
Jackbean	Shelled or Dried Shelled:	Shelled or Dried Shelled:	Shelled:
Sword bean	Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.)	(continued)	Broad bean (fava bean)
Soybean, (immature seed) Edible Podded, Succulent Shelled or Dried Shelled: Pigeon pea Bean (Phaseolus spp.) Field bean Great Northern Kidney bean Lima bean Navy bean Pinto bean Runner bean Snap bean	(continued) Tepary Bean Wax Bean Pea (Pisum spp.) Dwarf pea Edible-pod pea English pea Field pea Garden pea Green pea Snow pea Sugar snap pea	Bean (Vigna spp.) Adzuki bean Asparagus bean Blackeyed pea Catjang Chinese longbean Cowpea Crowder pea Moth bean Mung bean Rice bean Southern pea Urd bean Yardlong bean	Dried Shelled Only: Chickpea (garbanzo bean) Guar Lablab bean (hyacinth bean) Grain lupin Sweet lupin White lupin White sweet lupin Lentils

Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Fall Application for Spring Weed Control	soli texture:	Apply after harvest when the sustained soil temperature at a 4-inch depth is less than 55° F and falling.
For use in the following states:		Apply after September 30 in ND, SD, MN, WI, and north of Route 30 in IA.
lowa Illinois Minnesota	Medium Soils: Apply 1.67-2.0 pt/A	Apply after October 15 North of Route 91 in NE and south of Route 30 in IA.
Nebraska	Fine Soils: Apply 2.0 pt/A	Apply after October 31 North of Route 136 in IL.
North Dakota South Dakota Wisconsin		When a fall and/or a spring tillage follows application, do not exceed an incorporation depth of 2-3 inches.
meenen		Minimize furrow and ridge formation in the tillage operations.
Preplant Incorporated	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Apply to the soil and incorporate in the top 2 inches within 14 days before planting using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation.
	<i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM	Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
	1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM <i>Medium Soils:</i>	If a crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation, unless specified otherwise.
	1.33-1.67 pt/A	For California Only for Beans, Peas, and Lentils:
	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	For preplant incorporation, broadcast alone or with tank mix partners to the soil and thoroughly incorporate with a disk or similar implement set to till 4-6 inches deep. For more thorough incorporation, till the soil in 2 different directions (cross-till). Crops may be planted on flat surface or on beds.
		Use caution when forming the beds to ensure that only soil from the treated zone is used (i.e., do not bring untreated soil to soil surface). If application is made to preformed beds, incorporate with a tillage implement set to till 2-4 inches deep. Use care during tilling to keep the treated, tilled soil on the beds.
Preemergence	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic	Make preemergence applications after planting, but before crop emerges.
	matter (OM) as follows:	For California Only for Beans, Peas, and Lentils:
	Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	Apply after planting. Water with sprinkler or flood irrigation within 7-10 days.
	Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	
	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	

continued ...

9.5.1 FALL, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, POSTEMERGENCE AND/OR CHEMIGATION (CENTER PIVOT ONLY) APPLICATIONS (continued)

Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Postemergence and/or Chemigation	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic	Apply Medal II EC postemergence or chemigation only after the first trifoliate stage of plant growth.
(Center Pivot Only)	matter (OM) as follows: Coarse Soils:	Application to plants with less than one trifoliate can result in unacceptable crop injury.
	1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; > 3% OM <i>Medium Soils:</i>	When applied broadcast over-the-top, crop injury in the form of leaf spotting and speckling may be observed, especially with rates greater
		than 1 pt/A.
	1.33-1.67 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; > 3% OM	DO NOT graze or harvest forage or hay following postemergence applications. Refer to Section 4.6 for chemigation restrictions and directions.
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for	ist of weeds controlled or partially control	led.
Tank Mix Application Opti		

Tank Mix Application Options:

• Refer to Section 9.5.2 for preplant incorporated tank-mix options.

Resistance Management:

• Refer to Section 3.1.

Precautions:

- All cultivars have not been tested for tolerance, especially postemergence or postemergence chemigation applications. Experiment on a limited basis until on-farm confidence in these use patterns and rates are obtained.
- On English peas, spring preemergence or pre-plant applications where soils are cold and wet during pea germination and emergence, the use of Medal II EC may delay maturity and/or reduce yields.
- Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered postemergence herbicide(s) or by mechanical means.
- The risk of crop injury is greater on lighter textured soils and with higher use rates, especially when coupled with heavy rains or when
 excessive multiple irrigations occur within 5 days of application.
- Postemergence or postemergence-chemigation applications to wet plants or when conditions are extremely hot or humid may result in increased risk of crop injury.
- Postemergence or postemergence-chemigation applications should only be applied in a water-carrier. The addition of fertilizers, adjuvants, or other postemergence herbicides will increase the risk of crop injury.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- 1) Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.
- 2) Refer to Section 4.6 for chemigation restrictions and directions.
- Maximum Single Application Rate: 2.0 pt/A (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) 3)
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 2 weeks
- 5) Maximum Annual Rate: 2.0 pt/A/year (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
- a. DO NOT exceed 1.91 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products.
- The combined total amount of Medal II EC Herbicide from fall, preplant incorporated, preemergence, postemergence, or chemigation 6) applications must not exceed the maximum allowed annual rate.
- 7) **DO NOT** apply to frozen ground.
- 8) DO NOT make "Fall Applications for Spring Weed Control" or "Postemergence and/or Chemigation" applications to English peas.
- 9) **DO NOT** graze or harvest forage or hay following postemergence applications.
- 10) Preharvest Interval (PHI):
 - a. Preemergence Applications
 - Forage: 60 days
 - Hay: 120 days
 - b. Postemergence Applications
 - Seeds: 50 days

9.5.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR LEGUME VEGETABLES

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions	
Preplant Incorporated	Treflan®	For use with Dry Beans (Kidney, Navy, Pinto, etc.; Lima; and Snap).	
		Apply up to 14 days prior to planting. Incorporate to a uniform 2-inch depth using appropriate equipment.	
		Choose the rate specified on the respective labels for each product used alone, for the specific soil texture/organic matter classification and weed species expected.	
See Appendix 12.1 for the EPA Registration Number and Active Ingredient(s) in each listed brand.			
TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS			
1) All use restrictions cited in Section 9.5.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank-mixes with Medal II EC. 2) It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precationary statements of each product to the tank mixing.			

directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

9.6 Peanut

9.6.1 PREPLANT OR PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, AND POSTEMERGENCE

Peanut		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Preplant or Preplant Incorporated	Use the following rates for the specific geography:	For Preplant Incorporation: Apply within 14 days before planting.
	Southeast: Apply 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A	Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil before planting using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation
	<i>NM, OK, and TX:</i> Apply 0.8 - 1.33 pt/A	Use preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
	Within the rate range, use lower rates on coarse textured soils and	If peanuts will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation.
	higher rates on fine textured soils.	If Medal II EC is applied at 0.8 to 1.33 pt/A-(prior to crop emergence), a sequential application of Medal II EC -(after crop emergence) may be applied up to 1.33 pt/A.
		If Medal II EC is applied at rates greater than 1.33 pt/A- (prior to crop emergence), a sequential application of Medal II EC -(after crop emergence) cannot be applied.
Preemergence	Use the following rates for the specific geography:	Preemergence Application: Apply after planting but before crop emergence.
	Southeast:	If applying at planting, apply behind the planter.
	Apply 1.0 - 2 pt/A	If Medal II EC is applied at 0.8 to 1.33 pt/A-(prior to crop emergence),
	<i>NM, OK, and TX:</i> Apply 0.8 - 1.33 pt/A	a sequential application of Medal II EC -(after crop emergence) may be applied up to 1.33 pt/A.
	Within the rate range, use lower rates on coarse textured soils and higher rates on fine textured soils.	If Medal II EC is applied at rates greater than 1.33 pt/A-(prior to crop emergence), a sequential application of Medal II EC -(after crop emergence) cannot be applied.
Postemergence	Use the following rates for the specific geography:	Postemergence: If emerged weeds are present, tank-mix Medal II EC with an appropriate
	Southeast: Apply 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A	herbicide to control emerged weeds.
	<i>NM, OK and TX:</i> Apply 0.8 - 1.33 pt/A	
	Within the rate range, use lower rates on coarse textured soils and higher rates on fine textured soils.	
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for	list of weeds controlled or partially contro	lled.
Tank Mix Options: Refer to Section 9.6.2 for 	or tank mix application options.	
Resistance Management: • Refer to Section 3.1.		

Precaution:

Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.

USE RESTRICTIONS

1) Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.

- Maximum Application Rate-(prior to crop emergence): 2.0 pt/A (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 Maximum Application Rate-(after crop emergence): 1.33 pt/A (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 If Medal II EC is applied at rates greater than 1.33 pt/A-(prior to crop emergence), a sequential application of Medal II EC -(after crop emergence) cannot be applied.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: Not Applicable
- 6) Maximum Annual Rate: 2.8 pt/A/year (2.67 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
- a. DO NOT exceed 2.67 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products.
- 7) DO NOT graze or feed peanut forage or fodder to livestock for 30 days following application.
- 8) Preharvest Interval (PHI): 90 days

9.6.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR PEANUT

Application Timing	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Preplant or Preplant	Prowl [®] or Prowl [®] H2O Pursuit [®] Sonalan [®]	Apply the tank mixture within 14 days before planting.
Incorporated		Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil before planting using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation.
		Use preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
		If peanuts will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation.
Preemergence	Prowl or Prowl H2O Pursuit Strongarm [®] Valor® EZ or Valor® SX Brake [®]	Apply after planting but prior to crop emergence.
Postemergence	Gramoxone Brands Basagran 2,4-DB Pursuit Storm® Cadre®	Apply Gramoxone brands as a tank mixture with Medal II EC Herbicide from ground crack to postemergence to control or suppress small (1-6 inch) emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds and provide residual control of weeds listed in Section 8.0 . Apply in a minimum spray volume of 20 gal/A with ground equipment.
		Apply Basagran as a tank mixture with Medal II EC from ground cracking to postemergence.
		Apply 2,4-DB as a tank mixture with Medal II EC from ground cracking to postemergence.
		Apply Pursuit as a tank mixture with Medal II EC from ground cracking to postemergence.
		Apply Storm as a tank mixture with Medal II EC at ground cracking to postemergence.
		Apply Cadre as a tank mixture with Medal II EC early postemergence.
See Appendix 12.1 for the EPA Registration Number and Active Ingredient(s) in each listed brand.		
	TANK-M	IX USE RESTRICTIONS
 It is the pesticide user's re restrictions and limitations directions for use and pre 	esponsibility to ensure that all produ	

3) DO NOT apply more than the equivalent of 2.67 lb ai/A/year of Medal II EC.

9.7 Potato

9.7.1 INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, POSTEMERGENCE, AND LAY-BY APPLICATION

Potato		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Incorporated	1.0-2.0 pt/A	Preplant Incorporated
	Within the rate range, use the lower rate on soils relatively coarse textured or low in organic matter; use the higher rate on soils relatively fine textured or high in organic	Apply and incorporate into the top 3 inches before planting using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation.
		During planting and cultural practices later in the growing season, avoir bringing untreated soil to the surface or weed control will be reduced where untreated soil has been exposed.
	matter.	Postplant Incorporated
		Applications may be made any time after planting to drag-off, but before potato emergence. Use an implement that evenly distributes Medal II EC in the top 2 inches of soil. Do not damage potato seed pieces or sprouts with incorporation equipment.
Preemergence	1.0-2.0 pt/A Within the rate range, use the lower rate on soils relatively coarse textured or low in organic matter; use the higher rate on soils relatively fine textured or high in organic matter.	Apply either after planting as a preemergence, delayed preemergence, after drag-off or hilling treatment.
		Effectiveness will be reduced if later cultural practices expose untreater soil.
	For extended residual or control of heavy weed infestations, up to 2.6 pt/A is allowed.	
Postemergence After-Hilling/ Lay-By	1.67 pt/A	Apply to potatoes after hilling or at lay-by for control of Medal II EC labeled weeds for remainder of the growing season.
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for list	t of weeds controlled or partially controll	ed.
Tank Mix Options: Refer to Section 9.7.2 for t 	ank mix application options.	
Resistance Management: • Refer to Section 3.1.		

• Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- 1) Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.
- 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: 2.6 pt/A (2.48 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 3) Maximum Application Interval: Not Applicable

- 4) Maximum Annual Rate: 3.6 pt/A/year (3.43 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 a. DO NOT exceed 3.43 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products.
- 5) **DO NOT** use on muck or peat soils.
- 6) **DO NOT** apply both as a preemergence and an incorporated treatment.
- 7) Preharvest Interval (PHI):
 - a. 40 days after a lay-by application
 - b. 60 days after at-planting to drag-off application
- 8) DO NOT apply to sweet potatoes or yams.

9.7.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR POTATO

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Preemergence (East of the Rocky Mountains)	Linex® Lorox®	Apply this tank mix mixture preemergence broadcast application.
		Apply to the soil surface after planting and before emergence of the crop or after final drag-off.
Preemergence Incorporated	Prowl	For preemergence incorporated use, apply this tank mixture after planting but before potato emerges. Keep incorporation depth above the seed pieces and elongated sprouts, or the crop will be damaged.
Preemergence Early Postemergence		For preemergence use, apply this tank mixture after planting but before potato emerges.
		For early postemergence use , apply this tank mixture after potato emerges.
Preemergence	Tricor®	Apply this tank mixture preemergence or postemergence to potatoes.
Postemergence		For postemergence use, apply this tank mixture as a directed or semi- directed spray to avoid chlorosis, minor necrosis, or leaf distortion.
See Appendix 12.1 for the EPA Registration Number and Active Ingredient(s) in each listed brand.		
Precaution:These use directions for use do not apply to sweet potatoes or yams.		

TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS

1) All use restrictions cited in Section 9.7.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank-mixes with Medal II EC.

2) It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

9.8 Pumpkin

Crops (including cultivars,	varieties, and/or hybrids)	
Pumpkin		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Preemergence (Inter-Row or Inter-Hill)	1.0 - 1.33 pt/A Use the lower rate on soils light in texture (loamy sand or lighter) and low in soil organic matter (less than 3%).	Apply as an inter-row or inter-hill application. Leave 1 foot of untreated area over the row, or 6 inches to each side of the planted hill and/or any emerged pumpkin foliage (inter-row or inter-hill means not directly over the planted seed or young pumpkin plants).
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for lia	st of weeds controlled or partially controlled	
Resistance Management:Refer to Section 3.1.		
injury to the pumpkin crop	such as stand loss, delayed maturity, and I	or applications made directly to crop foliage will increase the risk of oss of yield. with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.
	USE REST	RICTIONS
 Maximum Single Applica Minimum Application Int Maximum Annual Rate: 	1.33 pt/A/year (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing pro	,)

9.9 Rhubarb

Crops (including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids)		
Rhubarb		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Preemergence	0.67 – 1.33 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray to the soil surface.
	Use lower rates on soils relatively coarse textured and higher rates on fine textured soils.	Apply in early spring, prior to crop emergence.
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for I	ist of weeds controlled or partially controll	ed.
Resistance Management:Refer to Section 3.1.		
Precaution: Medal II EC will not contr	ol emerged weeds. Control emerged weed	ds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.
 Maximum Single Application Rate: 1.33 pt/A (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 Minimum Application Interval: Not Applicable
 Maximum Annual Rate: 1.33 pt/A/year (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)

 a. DO NOT exceed 1.27 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products.
 DO NOT make more than one application of Medal II EC per crop.
 Preharvest Interval (PHI): 62 days

9.10 Safflowers

Crops (including cultivars,	varieties, and/or hybrids)	
Safflowers		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Preplant Incorporated	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Apply within 14 days of planting.
		Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation.
	Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
	Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	If crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation, unless specified otherwise.
	<i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	For California Only: Broadcast alone or with tank mix partners to the soil and thoroughly incorporate with a disk or similar implement set to till 4-6 inches deep. For more thorough incorporation, till the soil in 2 different directions (cross-till). Safflowers may be planted on flat surface or on beds.
		Use caution when forming the beds to ensure that only soil from the treated zone is used (i.e., do not bring untreated soil to soil surface).
		If application is made to preformed beds, incorporate with a tillage implement set to till 2-4 inches deep. Use care during tilling to keep the treated, tilled soil on the beds.
Preemergence	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Apply during planting (behind the planter) or after planting.
		For California Only:
	<i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	Apply after planting. Water with sprinkler or flood irrigation within 7-10 days.
	Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	
	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	

continued ...
9.10 Safflowers (continued)

For Weed Control:

• Refer to Section 8.0 for list of weeds controlled or partially controlled.

Resistance Management:

• Refer to Section 3.1.

Precaution:

· Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.
 Maximum Single Application Rate: 2.0 pt/A (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
 Minimum Application Interval: Not Applicable
- 4)
- **Maximum Annual Rate:** 2.0 pt/A/year (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) a. **DO NOT** exceed 1.91 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products. 5) **Preharvest Interval (PHI):** Not Applicable

9.11 Sorghum (Concep III Treated Only)

9.11.1 GRAIN OR FORAGE SORGHUM, FALL, PREPLANT SURFACE, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, OR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Crops (including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
Sorghum grain (seed treated with approved Concep® III only) Forage sorghum (seed treated with Concep III only)		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Fall Application for Residual Control of Glyphosate Resistant Italian Ryegrass	1.33-1.67 pt/A Use the lower rate for <i>coarse</i> <i>textured soils</i> and the higher rate for <i>fine textured soils</i> .	Apply from September 1 to December 1 after harvest of the previous crop and prior to Italian ryegrass emergence. If tillage follows application, avoid incorporating to a depth greater than 2-3 inches. After emergence of glyphosate resistant Italian ryegrass, a paraquat brand herbicide can be tank-mixed with Medal II EC to control emerged
Preplant Surface Application in CO, IA, IL, KS, MO, NE, and SD	Apply the rate for the specific soil texture as follows: <i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.33 pt/A <i>Medium Soils:</i> 1.5 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.67 pt/A	ryegrass. Apply up to 45 days before planting. On coarse soils apply no more than 2 weeks prior to planting. Under dry conditions, irrigate after application to activate Medal II EC and improve weed control.
Preplant Incorporated Preemergence	Apply the rate for the specific soil texture as follows: <i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A <i>Medium Soils:</i> 1.33 - 1.5 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.33 -1.67 pt/A	 Preplant Incorporated Application: Apply within 14 days of planting. Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation. Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. Preemergence Application: Apply after planting but before crop emerges.

	Rate (pt/A) Use Directions			
Postemergence	Apply the rate for the specific soil texture as follows: <i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A <i>Medium Soils:</i> 1.33 - 1.5 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.33 - 1.67 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray. When applied alone, Medal II EC will be safe to emerged sorghum. The risk of sorghum injury increases when adjuvants (e.g., non-ionic, crop oil), nitrogen sources (e.g., AMS, UAN) or fertilizers are applied with Medal II EC.		
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for list	st of weeds controlled or partially control	led.		
 Tank Mix Application Option Refer to Section 9.11.2 for 				
Resistance Management:Refer to Section 3.1.				
 Precautions: If sorahum seed is not pro 	pperly treated with Concep III seed treatr	nent, applications prior to sorghum emergence will result in severe injury		
 or crop death. Under high soil moisture of crop will normally outgrow Avoid use of Medal II EC of M	conditions prior to sorghum emergence, i v this effect. on sorghum grown under dry mulch tillag	njury may occur following preplant and preemergence application. The		
 or crop death. Under high soil moisture of crop will normally outgrow Avoid use of Medal II EC of M	conditions prior to sorghum emergence, v this effect. on sorghum grown under dry mulch tillag ol emerged weeds. Control emerged wee	njury may occur following preplant and preemergence application. The e, or injury may occur.		

9.11.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR SORGHUM (CONCEP III TREATED ONLY)

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Burndown Weed Control	Gramoxone brands Landmaster® BW Solo glyphosate brands	For use where sorghum (seed treated with Concep III) is planted directly into a cover crop, stale seedbed, established sod, or previous crop residues.
		Apply before, during or after planting, but before sorghum emerges.
		The herbicides identified as tank-mix partners may be tank mixed with Medal II EC or Medal II EC + AAtrex.

continued...

9.11.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR SORGHUM (CONCEP III TREATED ONLY) (continued)

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions	
Preplant Surface	AAtrex	Tank mixtures with AAtrex may be applied in water or fluid fertilizer.	
Preplant Incorporated			
Preemergence			
See Appendix 12.1 for the EP.	A Registration Number and Active Ingred	lient(s) in each listed brand.	
 Precautions: If sorghum seed is not properly treated with Concep III seed treatment, applications prior to sorghum emergence will result in crop death. Applications of Medal II EC + AAtrex on highly alkaline soils or on eroded areas where calcareous subsoils are exposed may cause sorghum injury. Burndown, preplant or preemergence applications of Medal II EC to sorghum not treated with Concep III seed treatment will result in severe injury or kill the crop. Under high soil moisture conditions prior to sorghum emergence, injury may occur following the use of preplant and preemergence applications of Medal II EC + AAtrex. The crop will normally outgrow this effect. Avoid use of Medal II EC + AAtrex on sorghum grown under dry mulch tillage, or injury may occur. 			
	TANK-MIX US	E RESTRICTIONS	
 All use restrictions cited in Section 9.11.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank-mixes with Medal II EC. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. IMPORTANT: FOR TANK MIXTURES WITH AATREX (OR OTHER BRANDS OF ATRAZINE) a. If applying Medal II EC in tank mixture with AAtrex, all the restrictions and rate limitations on the AAtrex label must be followed. b. DO NOT apply Medal II EC + AAtrex tank mixture on <i>coarse soils or medium soils</i> with less than 1.5% organic matter. c. DO NOT apply Medal II EC + AAtrex tank mixture as a preplant incorporated or preemergence treatment in NM, OK, or TX, except in northeast OK and the TX Gulf Coast and Blacklands areas. d. DO NOT apply Medal II EC + AAtrex tank mixture as a preplant incorporated treatment in AZ or the Imperial Valley of CA. 			
9.12 Sorghum, Sweet (Concep III Treated Only)			
Crops (including cultivars, va	Crops (including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
Sweet sorghum (seed treated	with Concep III only)		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions	
Preplant Surface	Apply the rate for the specific soil	On medium and fine soils, apply up to 30 days before planting.	

	u ,	
Preplant Surface	Apply the rate for the specific soil	On medium and fine soils, apply up to 30 days before planting.
Application	texture as follows:	On coarse soils apply no more than 14 days prior to planting.
	Coarse Soils: 1.33 pt/A	To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move
	Medium Soils: 1.5 pt/A	untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be
	Fine Soils: 1.67 pt/A	diminished.
		Under dry conditions, irrigate after application to activate Medal II EC and improve weed control.

Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Preplant Incorporated Preemergence	Apply Medal II EC at the rates below for the soil texture:	Preplant Incorporated Application: Make applications within 14 days of planting.
	Coarse Soils: 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A Medium Soils: 1.33-1.5 pt/A Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	 Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation. Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed
		formation, unless specified otherwise. Preemergence Application: Apply after planting but before crop emerges.
		Under dry conditions, irrigate after application to activate Medal II EC and improve weed control.
Postemergence	Apply Medal II EC at the rates below for the soil texture:	Apply up to a crop height of 5 inches.
	Coarse Soils: 1.0 - 1.33 pt/A	When applied alone, Medal II EC will be safe to emerged sweet sorghum. Use of adjuvants is prohibited on sweet sorghum.
	Medium Soils: 1.33 pt/A Fine Soils: 1.33 pt/A	
For Weed Control:Refer to Section 8.0 for I	ist of weeds controlled or partially controll	ed.
Resistance Management:Refer to Section 3.1.		
result in crop death.Under high soil moisture outgrow this effect.Avoid use of Medal II ECWeed control will be reduced to the solution of t	conditions prior to sweet sorghum emerge on sweet sorghum grown under dry mulcl uced under dry conditions, irrigate after ap	
	USE RES	STRICTIONS
 Maximum Single Applic Minimum Application In Maximum Annual Rate: 	1.67 pt/A/year (1.59 lb ai/A of S-metolach lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing n 1 application per year.	lor)

9.13 Soybeans (NOT FOR POSTEMERGENCE USE IN CALIFORNIA)

9.13.1 FALL, PREPLANT SURFACE, PREPLANT INCORPORATED, PREEMERGENCE, OR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Crops (including cultivars, va	Crops (including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
Soybeans			
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions	
Fall Application for Spring Weed Control	For minimum-till or no-tillage systems on soils with $\ge 2.5\%$	Apply after harvest when the sustained soil temperature at a 4-inch depth is less than 55° F and falling.	
For use in the following states:	organic matter, apply rate based on soil texture:	Apply to ground that will be planted to soybeans the next spring and time application according to the following geographic schedule:	
lowa Illinois Minnesota	Medium Soils: Apply 1.67-2.0 pt/A	Apply after September 30 in ND, SD, MN, WI, and north of Route 30 in IA.	
Nebraska North Dakota	Fine Soils: Apply 2.0 pt/A	Apply after October 15 North of Route 91 in NE and south of Route 30 in IA.	
South Dakota Wisconsin		Apply after October 31 North of Route 136 in IL.	
		When fall and/or a spring tillage follows application, avoid incorporating to a depth greater than 2-3 inches.	
		Minimize furrow and ridge formation in the tillage operations.	
Fall Application for Residual Control of Glyphosate Resistant Italian Ryegrass	1.33 – 1.67 pt/A Use the lower rate for <i>coarse</i>	Apply from September 1 – December 1 after harvest of the previous crop and prior to Italian ryegrass emergence.	
	<i>textured soils</i> and the higher rate for <i>fine textured soils</i> .	If tillage follows application, avoid incorporating to a depth greater than 2-3 inches.	
		After emergence of glyphosate resistant Italian ryegrass, a Gramoxone brand herbicide can be tank-mixed with Medal II EC to control emerged ryegrass.	
Preplant Surface	Apply Medal II EC at rates below	Apply up to 14 days prior to planting on coarse soils.	
Application	for the soil texture: Coarse Soils: 1.33 pt/A Medium Soils: 1.67 pt/A Fine Soils: 2.0 pt/A	Apply up to 30 days before planting on medium or fine soils.	
	For extended residual or control of heavy weed infestations, up to 2.6 pt/A is allowed.		

Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions	
Preplant Incorporated Preemergence	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows: <i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM <i>Medium Soils:</i> 1.33-1.67 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM For extended residual or control of heavy weed infestations, up to 2.6	 Preplant Incorporation Application: Apply within 14 days of planting. Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation. Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation, unless specified otherwise. Preemergence Application: Apply during planting or after planting but before crop emerges. 	
Postemergence	pt/A is allowed. 1.0 – 2.0 pt/A Use the lower rate for <i>coarse</i> <i>textured soils</i> and the higher rate for <i>fine textured soils</i> .	Apply to extend the duration of weed control in soybean.	
during planting or weed of	control will be diminished.	ng treated soil out of the row or moving untreated soil to the surface	
Medal II EC will not contr		ds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.	
 Maximum Single Appli a. DO NOT apply mor b. DO NOT apply mor Minimum Application I Maximum Annual Rate a. DO NOT exceed 3. The combined total amo More than one posteme DO NOT apply Medal II DO NOT graze or feed t incorporated or preeme 	additional product use restrictions. cation Rate: re than 2.6 pt/A in a single preemergence a re than 2.0 pt/A in a single postemergence Interval: Not Applicable re 3.9 pt/A/year (3.71 lb ai/A of S-metolach 71 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containin pount of Medal II EC from all applications in regence application may be applied, but th EC to frozen ground. reated forage, hay, or straw from soybean rgence application.	application (2.48 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor). application (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor). lor)	

9.13.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR SOYBEANS

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Preplant Surface Preemergence	Gramoxone brands Solo glyphosate brands	Use these tank mixtures for burndown plus residual control in reduced or no-till systems.
	Authority® MTZ	Use these tank mixtures for additional residual control.
	Tricor Canopy® Authority® First	Do not use this Authority MTZ of Tricor tank mixes on soil with less than 0.5% organic matter or on alkaline soils with a pH over 7.4.
	Authority [®] Maxx	If heavy rain occurs soon after application, crop injury may result.
	Classic [®] FirstRate [®] Sharpen [®] Sonic [®] Verdict [®]	Use of Authority MTZ of Tricor is not recommended for soybean varieties known to be metribuzin sensitive.
Postemergence	Classic FirstRate	Use these tank mixtures for control of emerged weeds plus residual control of grasses and small-seeded broadleaf weeds.
	Flexstar® Fusilade® DX Fusion® Prefix® Python® Reflex®	Follow the tank-mix partner label for adjuvant use instructions.
Postemergence to Glyphosate Resistant Soybeans	Flexstar [®] GT Solo glyphosate brands	Use these tank mixtures only on glyphosate resistant soybeans.
		Use of Medal II EC in these tank mixtures will provide residual control of weeds listed in Section 8.0 .
		Follow the tank-mix partner label for adjuvant use instructions.
		Apply only to soybeans that are resistant to glyphosate.
Postemergence to Glufosinate Resistant Soybeans	Liberty	Use this tank mixture only on soybeans that are resistant to glufosinate (e.g., LibertyLink®).
		Use of Medal II EC in this tank mixture will provide residual control of weeds listed in Section 8.0 .
		Follow the Liberty product label for adjuvant use instructions.
		Apply only to soybeans that are resistant to glufosinate.
See Appendix 12.1 for the EF	PA Registration Number and Active Inc	redient(s) in each listed brand.
Precaution: • The use of COC or UAN w	rith Medal II EC may result in temporar	y crop injury with postemergence applications.

TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS

All use restrictions cited in Section 9.13.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank mixes with Medal II EC.
 It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

9.14 Sugar Beets 9.14.1 POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Sugar Beets		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Postemergence	Apply Medal II EC at rates below for the soil texture: <i>Coarse Soils:</i> 1.0 pt/A <i>Medium Soils:</i> 1.33 pt/A <i>Fine Soils:</i> 1.67 pt/A	Apply after sugar beets have reached first true leaf stage. More than one postemergence application may be made.
Tank Mix Application Opti		led.
 Refer to Section 9.14.2 Resistance Management: Refer to Section 3.1. 		
Precaution:Medal II EC will not cont	rol emerged weeds. Control emerged wee	ds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means
	USE RE	STRICTIONS
 Maximum Single Applic Minimum Application In Maximum Annual Rate: a. DO NOT exceed 2.54 	additional product use restrictions. :ation Rate: 1.67 pt/A (1.59 lb ai/A of S-m tterval: Not Applicable : 2.67 pt/A/year (2.54 lb ai/A of S-metolach 4 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing rgence application may be applied, but the	nlor) products.

6) Preharvest Interval (PHI): 60 days

9.14.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR SUGAR BEETS

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions	
Postemergence	Assure [®] II Poast® Select® Stinger® Upbeet®	Tank mixtures of these products will increase the risk of crop injury over that of either product applied alone.	
See Appendix 12.1 for the EP	A Registration Number and Active Ingrec	lient(s) in each listed brand.	
 Precautions: The addition of a spray adjuvant such as crop oil concentrates (COC's) or methylated seed oils (MSO's) can further increase the risk of crop injury. Injury risk can be reduced by using the lowest effective rate of the tank mix partner(s) and/or adjuvant and by avoiding applications under adverse growing conditions or high soil or air humidity. 			

TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS

1) All use restrictions cited in Section 9.14.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank-mixes with Medal II EC.

2) It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

9.15 Sugarcane (NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA) 9.15.1 PREPLANT, PREEMERGENCE, AND POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Crops (including cultivary	s, varieties, and/or hybrid	s of these)	
Sugarcane			
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions	
Preplant	1.78 – 2.44 pt/A	See Section 4.3 for Application Volume and Spray coverage information.	
		Apply by ground or air prior to planting of cane.	
		Application can also be made after harvest of ratoon cane.	
		Apply by ground or air as a broadcast application for the residual control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds, plus yellow nutsedge. Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds.	
Preemergence	1.78 – 2.44 pt/A	See Section 4.3 for Application Volume and Spray coverage information.	
		Apply by ground or air after planting of cane but prior to crop emergence.	
		Application can also be made after harvest of ratoon cane.	
		Apply by ground or air as a broadcast application for the residual control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds, plus yellow nutsedge. Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds.	
Postemergence	1.0 – 1.96 pt/A	See Section 4.3 for Application Volume and Spray coverage information.	
		Apply by ground or air as a broadcast application for the residual control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds, plus yellow nutsedge. Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds.	
		If a preplant or preemergence application was made earlier in the season (not to exceed 2.44 pt/A) only 1 pt/A may be applied postemergence. The total amount of Medal II EC applied preplant, preemergence and postemergence cannot exceed 3.49 pt/A/year-(3.34 lb ai/A/year).	
 For Weed Control: Refer to Section 8.0 for 	r list of weeds controlled o	r partially controlled.	
 Tank Mix Application Opt Refer to Section 9.15.2 	tions: 2 for tank-mix options.		
Resistance Management • Refer to Section 3.1.	:		
		USE PRECAUTIONS	
	 Postemergence application rates less than 1 pt/A may result in incomplete weed control and loss of residual control. The addition of a spray adjuvant such as crop oil concentrates (COC's) or methylated seed oils (MSO's) can increase the risk of crop injury. 		
		USE RESTRICTIONS	
 Maximum Single Prep Maximum Single Post Maximum Single Post S-metolachlor) DO NOT make more th DO NOT make applicat Minimum Application Maximum Annual Rate 	emergence Application R emergence Application R an two applications of Mec tion to sugarcane greater th Interval: 2 weeks e: 3.49 pt/A/year (3.34 lb ai 34 lb ai/A/year of S-metolac	plication Rate: 2.44 pt/A - (2.33 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) ate: 1.96 pt/A - (1.87 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) ate, if a Preplant or Preemergence application was made: 1 pt/A - (0.95 lb ai/A of dal II EC. han 60 inches in height. /A of S-metolachlor)	
a. DO NOT apply within 100 days of harvest.			
	in ree days of harvest.		

9.15.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR SUGARCANE

Application	Tank-Mix Brands	Use Directions
Preplant	Solo glyphosate brands Gramoxone brands	These tank-mixtures are for the control of emerged weeds prior to sugarcane emergence.
		Do not apply solo glyphosate brands or Gramoxone brands postemergence over the-top to emerged sugarcane.
		If Medal II EC is tank-mixed with other herbicides follow the label restrictions for the most restrictive tank-mix partner(s).
Preemergence	AAtrex brands or other solo atrazine products	These tank mixtures are for improved weed control spectrum.
	Callisto [®] or Explorer [®]	If Medal II EC is tank-mixed with other herbicides follow the label restrictions for the most restrictive tank-mix partner(s).
	Callisto® Xtra	
	Envoke®	
	Evik®	
	Prowl, Prowl H2O or other solo pendimethalin products	
	Tricor or other solo metribuzin products	
Postemergence	AAtrex brands or other solo atrazine products	These tank mixtures are for improved spectrum and improved postemergence weed control.
	Callisto or Explorer	If Medal II EC is tank-mixed with other herbicides follow the label restrictions for
	Callisto Xtra	the most restrictive tank-mix partner(s).
	2,4-D	
	Armezon [®] or other solo tropramezone products	
	Banvel, Clarity [®] or other solo dicamba containing products	
	Envoke	
	Evik	
	Permit [®] or other solo halosulfuron products	
	Tricor or other solo metribuzin products	
Se	e Appendix 12.1 for the EPA Regist	ration Number and Active Ingredient(s) in each listed brand.
	TAN	K-MIX USE PRECAUTIONS

Injury risk can be reduced by using the lowest effective rate of the tank mix partner(s) and/or adjuvant and by avoiding applications under adverse growing conditions or high soil or air humidity.
Not all tank-mixes have been tested for crop tolerance. Experiment on a limited basis until on-farm confidence in these tank-mixes are obtained.

continued ...

9.15.2 TANK-MIX COMBINATIONS FOR SUGARCANE (continued)

TANK-MIX USE RESTRICTIONS 1) All use restrictions cited in Section 9.15.1 for Medal II EC solo apply to tank mixes with Medal II EC. 2) It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

9.16 Sunflowers

Crops (including cultivars,	varieties, and/or hybrids of these)	
Sunflowers		
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
Preplant Incorporated Preemergence	For all applications use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows: Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; \geq 3% OM Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; \geq 3% OM Within the rate range, use the higher rate of Medal II EC if heavy weed infestations are expected.	 Preplant Incorporation Application: Apply within 14 days of planting. Apply to the soil and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation. Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If crop will be planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation, unless specified otherwise. Preemergence Application: Apply after planting but before crop emerges.
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for I	st of weeds controlled or partially controll	ed.
Resistance Management:Refer to Section 3.1.		
Precaution:Medal II EC will not contr	ol emerged weeds. Control emerged wee	ds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.
	USE RES	STRICTIONS
 Maximum Single Applic Minimum Application In Maximum Annual Rate: a. DO NOT exceed 1.91 DO NOT exceed the max 	2.0 pt/A/year (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachic lb ai/A/year of S-metolachior-containing imum label rates given above for the soil o graze or feed in treated area.	products.

9 .17	Tomato
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Tomato, seeded	Tomato, transplanted	
Application Timing	Rate (pt/A)	Use Directions
For Transplanted Tomatoes Preplant Incorporated	For all applications, use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Preplant Incorporation Application: Apply to the soil and incorporate into the soil using an implement capable of providing uniform incorporation.
Preplant Post-Directed	Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM	Use a preplant incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.
	1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM <i>Medium Soils:</i> 1.33-1.67 pt/A	Preplant Application: Apply before transplanting and keep soil disturbance to a minimum during the transplanting operation.
	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	In bedded transplanted tomatoes, apply Medal II EC preplant non- incorporated to the top of the pressed bed, as the last step prior to laying plastic.
		Medal II EC may also be used to treat row-middles in bedded tomatoes, as long as the total amount of Medal II EC does not exceed the maximum allowed per crop.
		Post-Directed Application: Apply after the first settling rain or irrigation.
		Apply in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre and minimize contact with tomato plants.
For Seeded Tomatoes Post-Directed	For all applications, use the rate for the specific soil texture and organic matter (OM) as follows:	Apply to when tomato plants are at least 4 inches tall. Apply in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.
	Coarse Soils: 1.0-1.33 pt/A; <3% OM 1.33 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	Minimize spray contact with tomato plants.
	Medium Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A	
	Fine Soils: 1.33-1.67 pt/A; <3% OM 1.67-2.0 pt/A; ≥ 3% OM	
For Weed Control: • Refer to Section 8.0 for I	ist of weeds controlled or partially control	' led.

continued...

9.17 Tomato (continued)

Precautions:

- Application to varieties or cultivars with unknown tolerance to Medal II EC may result in crop injury.
- Medal II EC may damage transplants that have been weakened by any cause. To prevent damage, plant only healthy transplants and avoid planting when wet, cool, or unfavorable growing conditions exist.
- In transplanted tomatoes, if Medal II EC is applied preplant incorporated, incorporate to a depth less than the depth of transplanting, and use the lower end of the rate range for the given soil type, or damage may occur.
- For row middle applications where tomatoes are grown on sandy soils and where high soil moisture conditions can exist (e.g., low binding and high evaporation conditions), as may be found in the States of Florida, Georgia, Maryland, and Virginia, there is potential for crop injury in the form of leaf epinasty. The risk of this type of injury can be reduced by: a) incorporating the Medal II EC immediately following application, b) applying the Medal II EC seven or more days before transplanting (but only after the beds have been formed), c) minimizing the application of Medal II EC onto the plastic of the bed, or d) any combination of the above.
- · Medal II EC will not control emerged weeds. Control emerged weeds with an appropriate registered foliar herbicide or by mechanical means.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- 1) Refer to Section 7.1 for additional product use restrictions.
- 2) Maximum Single Application Rate: 2.0 pt/A (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
- 3) Minimum Application Interval: Not Applicable
- 4) Maximum Annual Rate: 2.0 pt/A/year (1.91 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor)
- a. DO NOT exceed 1.91 lb ai/A/year of S-metolachlor-containing products.
- 5) Apply only by ground application.
- 6) When applying at 1.33 pt/A per year (1.27 lb ai/A of S-metolachlor) with a 30 day PHI:
- a. DO NOT exceed two applications per growing season and do not use adjuvants.
- 7) Preharvest Interval (PHI):
 - a. 30 days, if the total amount of Medal II EC applied does not exceed 1.33 pt/A/year.
 - b. 90 days, if the total amount of Medal II EC applied is greater than 1.33 pt/A/year.

10.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed, by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

This product may be stored at temperatures down to 30 degrees below 0°F.

Pesticide Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product are toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to federal, state, or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office.

Container Handling (less than or equal to 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¹/₄ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

11.0 CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

12.0 APPENDIX

12.1 Tank-Mix Partner Table

Product Name	EPA Registration Number	Active Ingredient(s)
2,4-D	1381-102-(multiple)	2,4-D
AAtrex	100-497 & 100-585	atrazine
2,4-DB 200	1381-215-(multiple)	2,4-DB
Cadre	241-364	imazapic
Strongarm	62719-288	diclosulam
Brake	67690-78	fluridone
Valor EZ or Valor SX	59639-221 or 59639-99	flumioxazin
Banvel	55947-38	dicamba
Gramoxone	100-1431 & 100-1652	paraquat
Roundup	524-549-(multiple)	Solo glyphosate
Princep	100-526 & 100-603	simazine
Balance Flexx	264-1067	isoxaflutole
Liberty	264-829 & 7969-448	glufosinate-Ammonium
Cotoran	66222-181	fluometuron
Caparol	100-620	prometryn
Treflan	34704-853-(multiple)	trifluralin

Product Name	EPA Registration Number	Active Ingredient(s)
Prowl and Prowl H2O	241-337 & 241-418	pendimethalin
Pursuit	241-310	imazethapyr
Sonalan	10163-355 & 10163-356	ethalfluralin
Basagran	7969-112-(multiple)	bentazon
Butyrac	42750-39 & 42750-38	2,4-DB
Storm	7050-59	bentazon + acifluorfen
Linex	61842-21	linuron
Lorox	61842-23	linuron
Tricor	70506-68 & 70506-103	metribuzin
Landmaster BW	42750-62	glyphosate + 2,4-D
Authority MTZ	279-3340	metribuzin + sulfentrazone
Canopy	352-444	metribuzin + chlorimuron
Authority First	279-3246	sulfentrazone + cloransulam
Classic	352-436	chlorimuron
FirstRate	62719-275	cloransulam
Sharpen	7969-278	saflufenacil
Sonic	62719-680	sulfentrazone + cloransulam
Verdict	7969-279	dimethenamid-p + saflufenacil
Flexstar	100-1101	fomesafen
Fusilade DX	100-1070	fluazifop
Fusion	100-1059	fluazifop + fenoxaprop
Prefix	100-1268	s-metolachlor + fomesafen
Python	62719-277	flumetsulam
Reflex	100-933	fomesafen
Flexstar GT	100-1385	fomesafen + glyphosate
Liberty	264-829 & 7969-448	glufosinate
Assure II	352-541 & 5481-646	quizalofop
Select	59639- & 59639-3-1381	clethodim
Poast	7969-58	sethoxydim
Stinger	62719-73	clopyralid
Upbeet	279-9584	triflusulfuron
Callisto Xtra	100-1359	atrazine + mesotrione
Callisto	100-1131	mesotrione
Explorer	100-1131	mesotrione
Envoke	100-1132	trifloxysulfuron-sodium
Evik	100-786	ametryn
Clarity	7969-137	dicamba
Permit	81880-2-10163	halosulfuron
Armezon	7969-262	topramezone

AAtrex[®], Callisto[®], Callisto Xtra[®], Caparol[®], Concep III[®], Medal[®] II EC, Envoke[®], Explorer[®], Flexstar[®], Fusilade[®], Fusion[®], Gramoxone[®], Prefix[®], Princep[®], and Reflex[®] and the ALLANCE Frame and the Syngenta logo are Trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company Assure[®] II is a trademark of Amvac Chemical Corporation Canopy[®], Classic[®], FirstRate[®], Python[®], Sonalan[®], Sonic[®], Stinger[®], and Strongarm[®] are trademarks of Corteva Agriscience Viton[™] is a trademark of The Chemours Company FC, LLC

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Authority®and Upbeet® are trademarks of FMC Corporation

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For non-emergency (e.g., current product information), call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-866-Syngent(a) (866-796-4368).

Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC P. O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

SCP 818B-L1G 0524 4212118

Sale, use, and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties in the State of New York is prohibited.

S-METOLACHLOR GROUP 15 HERBICIDE

Medal[®]II EC Herbicide

For weed control in corn; cotton; grasses grown for seed; horseradish; legume vegetables; peanuts; potatoes; pumpkin; rhubarb; safflowers; sorghum (forage, grain and sweet); soybean; sugar beets; sugarcane; sunflowers; and tomatoes

Active Ingredient:

Total:	100.0%
Other Ingredients:	17.6%
S-metolachlor*:	82.4%

*CAS No. 87392-12-9

Medal II EC is formulated as an Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC) and contains the equivalent of 82.4% or 7.64 lb of active ingredient per gallon.

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

EPA Reg. No. 100-818 EPA Est. 11773-IA-01^{VWC} EPA Est. 100-LA-001^{GBL} (Superscript is first three letters of batch code on container) Medal[®] II EC is a trademark of a Syngenta Group Company ©2024 Syngenta Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300 SCP 818B-L1G 0524 4212118

2.5 gallons Net Contents

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing, Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. **SYNGENTA HOTLINE NUMBER:** For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident), Call 1-800-888-8372.

Environmental Hazards: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Groundwater Advisory: S-metolachlor is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory: This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff or rain water or through ground spray drift. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several weeks or months after application. A level, wellmaintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of S-metolachlor from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-800-888-8372.

Mixing/Loading/Application Instructions: Care must be taken when using this product to prevent back-siphoning into wells, spills, or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsates. Check-valves or anti-siphoning devices must be used on all mixing and/or irrigation equipment.

- This product must not be mixed or loaded within 50 ft of perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs.
- This product must not be mixed/loaded or used within 50 ft of all wells, including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes.

Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 tof any well are prohibited, unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad.

- Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater, and rain water that may fall on the pad.
- Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be selfcontained.
- The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal.
 An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the
- contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to
- A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad.
- Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times.

The above-specified minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed, by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: This product may be stored at temperatures down to 30 degrees below 0°F.

Pesticide Disposal: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product are toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to federal, state, or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office.

Container Handling: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¹/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by inclineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

