FUSILADE DX

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	This version replaces all previous versions.
2.0	05/15/2023	S156886302	

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : FUSILADE DX
Design code. : A12460A

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
Address : Post Office Box 18300
Greensboro NC 27419
United States of America (USA)

Telephone : 1 800 334 9481
Telefax : 1 336 632 2192

E-mail address : sds.requests@syngenta.com
Emergency telephone : 1 800 888 8372

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Herbicide

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 3

Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	64741-89-5	>= 30 - < 50
solvent naphtha (petroleum), highly arom.	64742-94-5	>= 20 - < 30
fluazifop-P-butyl	79241-46-6	24.4648
2-methyl-naphthalene	91-57-6	>= 5 - < 10
naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 1 - < 5

1-methyl-naphthalene	90-12-0	>= 1 - < 5
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	>= 1 - < 5

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.
If inhaled	:	Take the victim into fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
In case of eye contact	:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Notes to physician	:	There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Extinguishing media - small fires Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Extinguishing media - large fires Alcohol-resistant foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	As the product contains combustible organic ingredients, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Further information	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Pay attention to flashback.
Environmental precautions	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. For personal protection see section 8.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from combustible material. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. No smoking.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	64741-89-5	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST (Mist)	10 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
solvent naphtha (petroleum),	64742-94-5	TWA	8 ppm	Supplier

highly arom.			50 mg/m3	
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
fluazifop-P-butyl	79241-46-6	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Syngenta
2-methyl-naphthalene	91-57-6	TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH
naphthalene	91-20-3	TWA	10 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	15 ppm 75 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	15 ppm 75 mg/m3	OSHA P0
1-methyl-naphthalene	90-12-0	TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	TWA	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Engineering measures : THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THE PRODUCT. FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.
The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.
Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.
Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality

features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things from the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Eye protection : No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Wear as appropriate:
Impervious clothing

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment.
When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	No data available
Odor	:	No data available
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
Melting point/range	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	194 °F / 90 °C Method: Seta closed cup, Equilibrium method
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density	:	No data available

Density	:	0.981 g/cm3
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data available
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	664 °F / 351 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size	:	No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	None reasonably foreseeable.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	:	No decomposition if used as directed.
Incompatible materials	:	None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male): 0.54 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	:	(Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 2,451 mg/kg
Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,110 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-methyl-naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.

naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.

1-methyl-naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

naphthalene:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

IARC	Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated)	64741-89-5
	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans naphthalene	91-20-3
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.	
NTP	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen naphthalene	91-20-3
	Known to be human carcinogen distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (Mineral Oils: Untreated and Mildly Treated)	64741-89-5

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Embryo/foetoxic effects have been reported in rats., Developmental neurotoxicity has been observed in the absence of maternal toxicity., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Remarks : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

solvent naphtha (petroleum), highly arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

solvent naphtha (petroleum), highly arom.:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.41 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Americamysis): 0.54 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 1.8

plants		mg/l Exposure time: 96 h NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 1.8 mg/l End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h ErC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 1.4 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0.34 mg/l End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.077 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d Test Type: Early-life Stage
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.25 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d NOEC (Americamysis): 0.048 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.

2-methyl-naphthalene:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

naphthalene:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

1-methyl-naphthalene:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Stability in water	:	Degradation half life: 1.5 - 1.7 h Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 5.3 (77 °F / 25 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Remarks: immobile
Stability in soil	:	Dissipation time: < 2 d Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Other adverse effects

Components:

fluazifop-P-butyl:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

naphthalene:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

		local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	CLASS 9
ERG Code	:	171
Marine pollutant	:	no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
naphthalene	91-20-3	100	2626

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

naphthalene 91-20-3 >= 1 - < 5 %

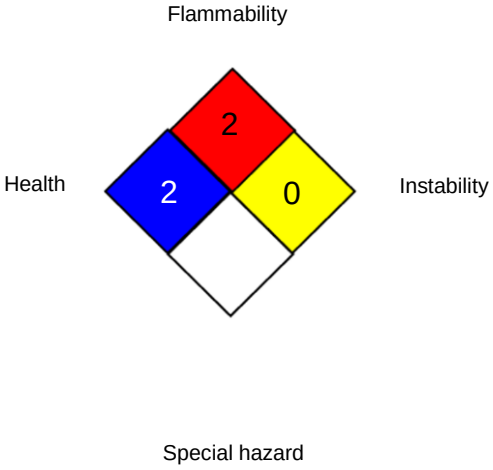
California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic, naphthalene, cumene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

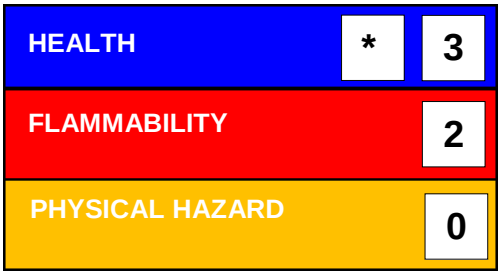
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL	:	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA P0	:	USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
Syngenta	:	Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
NIOSH REL / TWA	:	Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
NIOSH REL / ST	:	STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday
OSHA P0 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA P0 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
Syngenta / TWA	:	Time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Pre-

vention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 05/15/2023

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / Z8