VIBRANCE MAXX PULSES RTA

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	This version replaces all previous versions.
1.0	02/25/2020	S00059354489	

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : VIBRANCE MAXX PULSES RTA

Design code. : A22782A

Product Registration number : 100-1657

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC

Address : Post Office Box 18300
Greensboro NC 27419
United States of America (USA)

Telephone : 1 800 334 9481

Telefax : 1 336 632 2192

Emergency telephone : 1 800 888 8372

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Fungicide

Restrictions on use : General Use Pesticide

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.
This is an EPA registered pesticide. It is subject to hazard classification and information requirements of the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS). Some of the hazard information could differ for a product. Sect. 2 of this SDS contains the HCS classification information. Sect. 15 of this SDS contains the FIFRA classification information.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	>= 5 - < 10

thiabendazole	148-79-8	4.3
talc	14807-96-6	>= 1 - < 5
sedaxane	874967-67-6	1.43
metalaxyl-M	70630-17-0	1.07
fludioxonil	131341-86-1	0.71

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled : Take the victim into fresh air.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash off immediately with plenty of water.
If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Remove contact lenses.
Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Nonspecific
No symptoms known or expected.

Notes to physician : There is no specific antidote available.
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Extinguishing media - small fires
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Extinguishing media - large fires
Alcohol-resistant foam
or
Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards during fire fighting : As the product contains combustible organic ingredients, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous

products of combustion (see section 10).
Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Further information : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : No special protective measures against fire required.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
For personal protection see section 8.

Conditions for safe storage : No special storage conditions required.
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep out of the reach of children.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL
thiabendazole	148-79-8	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Dust)	20 Million	OSHA Z-3

			particles per cubic foot	
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
sedaxane	874967-67-6	TWA	2 mg/m3	Syngenta
metalaxyl-M	70630-17-0	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
fludioxonil	131341-86-1	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
		TWA (Inhalable fraction)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THE PRODUCT. FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.
The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.
Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.
Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : No special protective equipment required.

Eye protection : No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection : No special protective equipment required.
Select skin and body protection based on the physical job requirements.

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment.
When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color	:	blue
Odor	:	No data available
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	5 - 9 Concentration: 1 z%w/v
Melting point/range	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Method: Seta closed cup does not flash
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.05 - 1.09 g/cm3 (20 °C / 20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	465 °C / 465 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	None reasonably foreseeable.

Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	:	No decomposition if used as directed.
Incompatible materials	:	None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.01 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Components:

thiabendazole:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 0.53 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

sedaxane:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.244 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

metalaxyl-M:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 953 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat, female): 375 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.29 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Highest attainable concentration

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

fludioxonil:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Components:

thiabendazole:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

sedaxane:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

metalaxyl-M:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

fludioxonil:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Components:

thiabendazole:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

sedaxane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

metalaxyl-M:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Risk of serious damage to eyes.

fludioxonil:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Test Type	:	mouse lymphoma cells
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Components:

thiabendazole:

Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

sedaxane:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	Not a skin sensitizer.

metalaxyl-M:

Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

fludioxonil:

Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

thiabendazole:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

sedaxane:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

metalaxyl-M:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

fludioxonil:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

thiabendazole:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

sedaxane:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen,At extremely high doses, numerically higher incidences of uterine, thyroid and liver tumors (male and/or female rats) and liver tumors (male mice) were within the range of normal background variation and thus considered unrelated to treatment. Some Regulatory Authorities have taken a more conservative position that these high-dose findings are treatment-related in rats and mice. The dose levels where these findings occur are not relevant to human exposure levels.

metalaxyl-M:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

fludioxonil:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

thiabendazole:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No toxicity to reproduction

sedaxane:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No toxicity to reproduction

metalaxyl-M:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No toxicity to reproduction

fludioxonil:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No toxicity to reproduction

STOT-repeated exposure

Components:

metalaxyl-M:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

thiabendazole:

Remarks : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

sedaxane:

Remarks : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

fludioxonil:

Remarks : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

thiabendazole:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.55 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	LC50 (Americamysis): 0.34 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 14.7 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.53 mg/l End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.012 mg/l Exposure time: 69 zd NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.11 mg/l Exposure time: 33 zd
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.041 mg/l Exposure time: 21 zd
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

sedaxane:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 0.62 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.98 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.10 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 mg/l
End point: Growth rate
Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 6.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.59 mg/l
End point: Growth rate
Exposure time: 7 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.165 mg/l
Exposure time: 33 zd

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 zd

metalaxyl-M:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 271 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 19.7 mg/l
End point: Growth rate
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 zd

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 zd

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

fludioxonil:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

		LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.7 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
		EC50 (Americamysis): 0.27 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.44 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
		NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.132 mg/l End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h
		ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.43 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
		NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.14 mg/l End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.04 mg/l Exposure time: 28 zd
		NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.018 mg/l Exposure time: 116 zd
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.035 mg/l Exposure time: 21 zd
		NOEC (Americamysis): 0.018 mg/l Exposure time: 28 zd
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

thiabendazole:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Stability in water	:	Degradation half life: > 1 y

Remarks: Persistent in water.

sedaxane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: > 1 y
Remarks: Persistent in water.

metalaxyl-M:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 22.4 - 47.5 d
Remarks: Product is not persistent.

fludioxonil:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

thiabendazole:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

sedaxane:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.3 (25 °C / 25 °C)

metalaxyl-M:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Low bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.71 (25 °C / 25 °C)

fludioxonil:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.12 (25 °C / 25 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

thiabendazole:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

Stability in soil	:	Dissipation time: 33 d - 2 y Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Persistent in soil.

sedaxane:

Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Remarks: Low to medium mobility in soil.
Stability in soil	:	Dissipation time: 83 d Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

metalaxyl-M:

Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Remarks: Metalaxyl has a range from low to very high mobility in soil depending on soil type.
Stability in soil	:	Dissipation time: < 50 d Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

fludioxonil:

Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Remarks: immobile
Stability in soil	:	Dissipation time: 14 d Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Other adverse effects

Components:

thiabendazole:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

sedaxane:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

metalaxyl-M:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

fludioxonil:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIABENDAZOLE AND FLUDIOXONIL)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (THIABENDAZOLE AND FLUDIOXONIL)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Class 9 - Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIABENDAZOLE AND FLUDIOXONIL)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Remarks : Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:
Caution
Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
orthophosphoric acid	7664-38-2	5000	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : No SARA Hazards

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

thiabendazole 148-79-8 >= 1 - < 5 %

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : On or in compliance with the active portion of the TSCA inventory

TSCA list

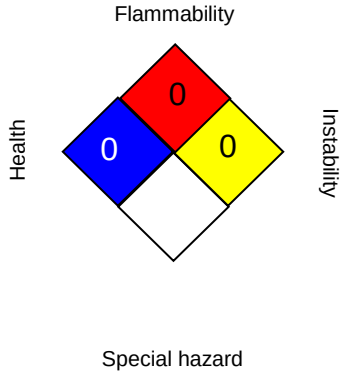
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

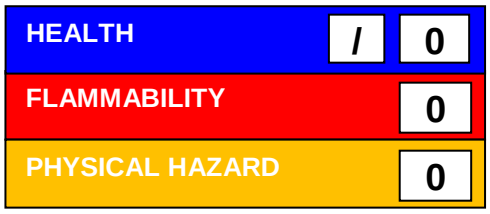
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-3	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
US WEEL	:	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
US WEEL / TWA	:	8-hr TWA

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable

Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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